7 Circuits
Darlinton Transistor Array

BA12003B BA12003BF BA12004B BA12004BF

Not Recommended for New Designs

General Description

BA12003B/BF,BA12004B/BFare darlinton transistor array consist of 7circuits, input resistor to limit base current and output surge absorption clamp diode.

Features

- Built-in 7 circuits
- High output break down voltage
- High DC output current gain
- Built-in input resistor to limit base current
- Built-in output surge absorption clamp diode

Applications

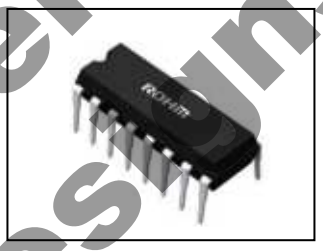
- Motor Drivers
- LED Drivers
- Solenoid Drivers
- Low Side Switch

Key Specifications

- Output break down voltage : VCE=60V(max)
- Output current : Io=500mA/ch(max)
- Operating supply voltage range : -0.5V to +30V
- Operating temperature range : -40°C to +85°C
- DC current gain : hfe=1000(min)
- Input resistor : BA12003B/BF Rin=2.7kΩ
  BA12004B/BF Rin=10.5kΩ

Packages

	W(Typ) x D(Typ) x H(Max)
DIP16	19.40mm x 6.50mm x 7.95mm
SOP16	10.00mm x 6.20mm x 1.71mm

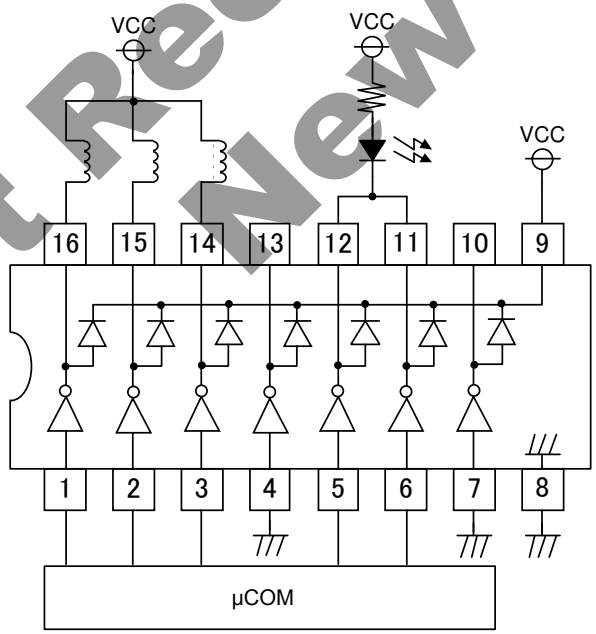


DIP16
BA12003B / BA12004B



SOP16
BA12003BF / BA12004BF

Typical Application Circuit

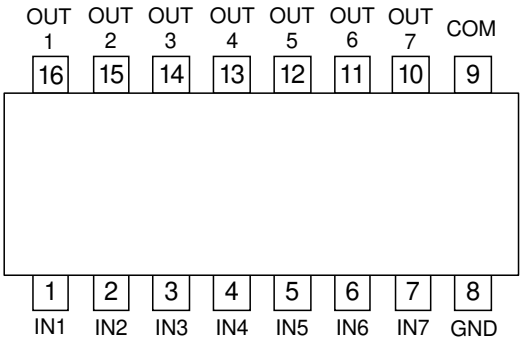


○Product structure: Silicon monolithic integrated circuit ○This product has not designed protection against radioactive rays

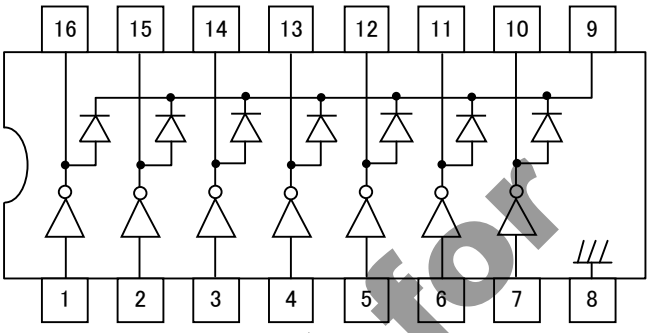
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Pin Configuration

DIP16 / SOP16
(TOP VIEW)



Block Diagram

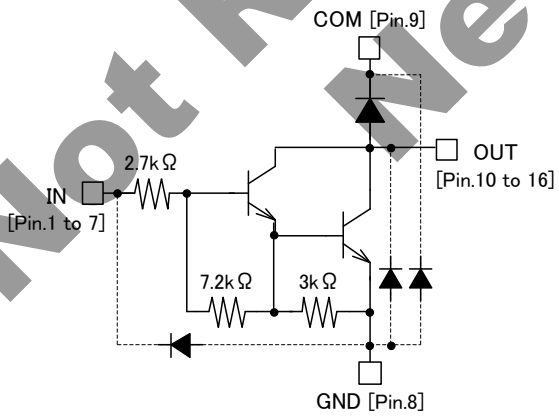


Pin Description

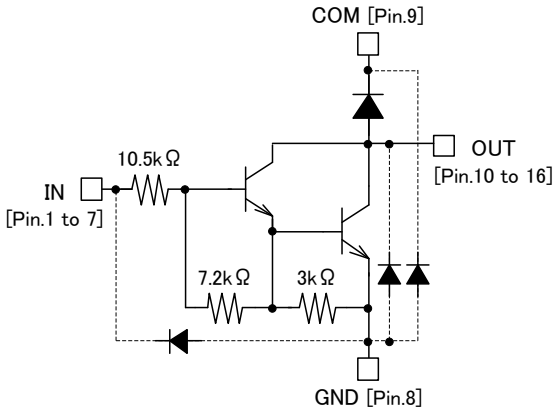
Pin No.	Pin Name	Function	Pin No.	Pin Name	Function
1	IN1	Input 1	9	COM	Clamp diode cathode
2	IN2	Input 2	10	OUT7	Output 7
3	IN3	Input 3	11	OUT6	Output 6
4	IN4	Input 4	12	OUT5	Output 5
5	IN5	Input 5	13	OUT4	Output 4
6	IN6	Input 6	14	OUT3	Output 3
7	IN7	Input 7	15	OUT2	Output 2
8	GND	Ground	16	OUT1	Output 1

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I/O Equivalence Circuit



BA12003B / BA12003BF



BA12004B / BA12004BF

Note : The diode indicating the junction with a dotted line is a parasitic element.
Note : The input and output parasitic diodes cannot be used as clamp diodes.

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Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_A=25℃)

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Output Voltage		V_{CE}	-0.5 to +60	V
Output Current		I_O	500	mA/circuit
Input Voltage		V_I	-0.5 to +30	V
Diode Reverse Voltage		V_R	60	V
Diode Forward Current		I_F	500	mA/ circuit
GND Terminal Current		I_{GND}	2.3(Note 1)	A
Power Dissipation	DIP16	P_D	1.25(Note 2)	W
	SOP16		0.62(Note 3)	
Operating Temperature		T_{opr}	-40 to +85	℃
Storage Temperature		T_{stg}	-55 to +150	℃

(Note 1) Pulse width≤20ms, Duty Cycle≤10%, 7 circuits flow the same current.
(Note 2) Reduce 10.0mW per 1°C above 25°C.
(Note 3) Mounted on 70mm x 70mm x 1.6mm glass epoxy board. Reduce 5.0mW per 1°C above 25°C.
Caution: Operating the IC over the absolute maximum ratings may damage the IC. The damage can either be a short circuit between pins or an open circuit between pins and the internal circuitry. Therefore, it is important to consider circuit protection measures, such as adding a fuse, in case the IC is operated over the absolute maximum ratings.

Electrical Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, GND=0V T_A=25°C)

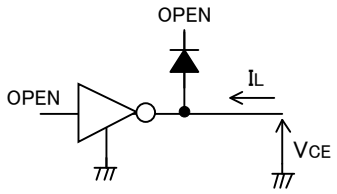
Parameter		Symbol	Limit			Unit	Conditions	Test Circuit
			Min	Typ	Max			
Output Leakage Current		I_L	-	-	10	μA	V_{CE}=60V	1
Output DC Current Gain		h_{FE}	1000	2400	-	-	V_{CE}=2.0V, I_O=350mA	2
Output Saturation Voltage1		V_{CEsat1}	-	0.94	1.1	V	I_O=100mA, I_I=250μA	2
Output Saturation Voltage2		V_{CEsat2}	-	1.14	1.3	V	I_O=200mA, I_I=350μA	2
Output Saturation Voltage3		V_{CEsat3}	-	1.46	1.6	V	I_O=350mA, I_I=500μA	2
Input Voltage1	BA12003	V_{I1}	2.0	-	-	V	V_{CE}=2.0V, I_O=100mA	3
	BA12004		5.0	-	-			
Input Voltage2	BA12003	V_{I2}	2.4	-	-	V	V_{CE}=2.0V, I_O=200mA	3
	BA12004		6.0	-	-			
Input Voltage3	BA12003	V_{I3}	3.4	-	-	V	V_{CE}=2.0V, I_O=350mA	3
	BA12004		8.0	-	-			
Input Current	BA12003	I_I	-	0.90	1.35	mA	V_I=3.85V	4
	BA12004			0.39	0.5		V_I=5.0V	
Diode Reverse Current		I_R	-	-	50	μA	V_R=60V	5
Diode Forward Voltage		V_F	-	1.73	2.0	V	I_F=350mA	6
Input Capacity		C_I	-	30	-	pF	V_I=0V, f=1MHz	7

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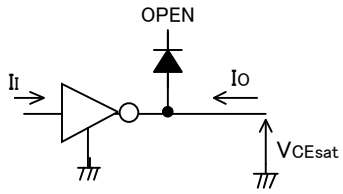
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Test Circuit

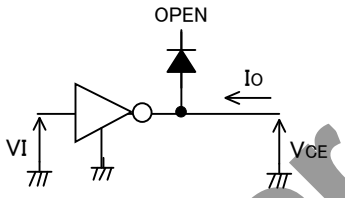
1. Output Leakage Current I_L



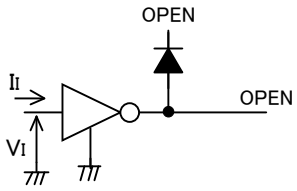
2. DC Current Gain $h_{FE}=I_O/I_I$
Output Saturation Voltage V_{CEsat}



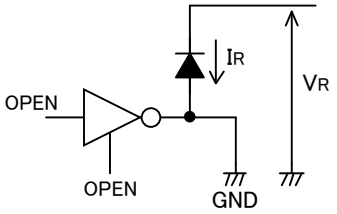
3. Input Voltage V_I



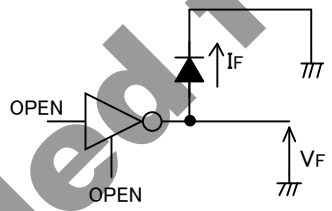
4. Input Current I_I



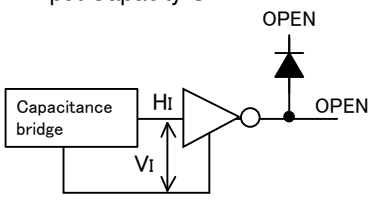
5. Diode Reverse Current I_R



6. Diode Forward Voltage V_F



7. Input Capacity C_I



TEST SIGNAL LEVEL 20mVrms

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Typical Performance Curve (Reference Data)

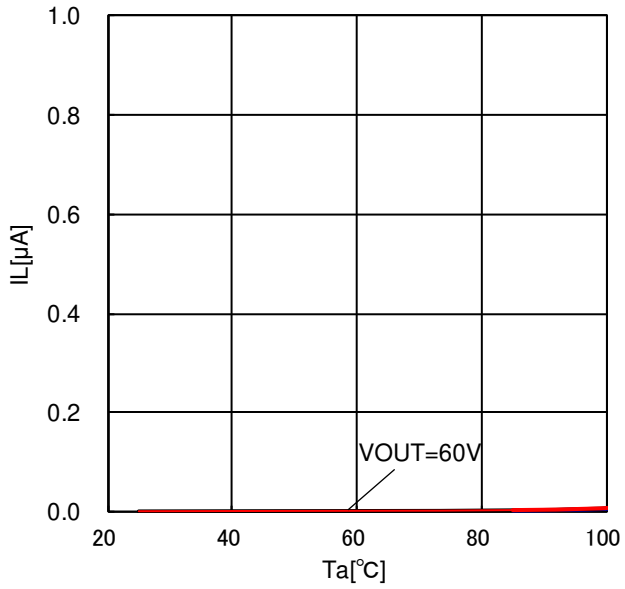


Figure 1 .
Output Leakage Current vs Ambient Temperature

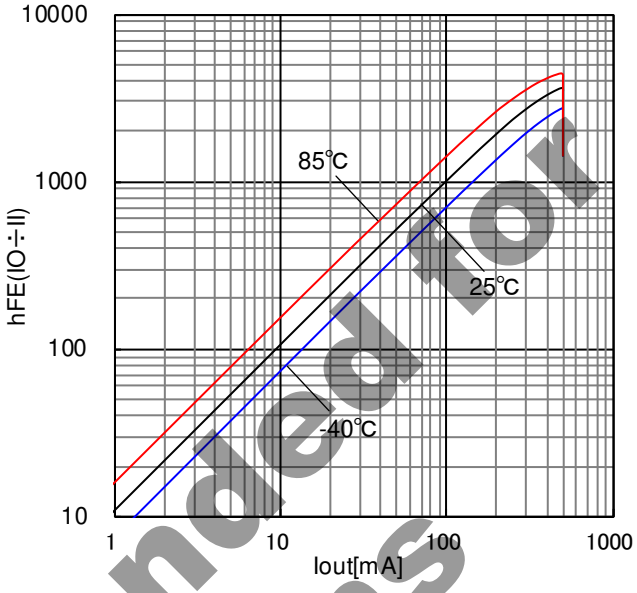


Figure 2 .
Output DC Current Gain vs Output Current

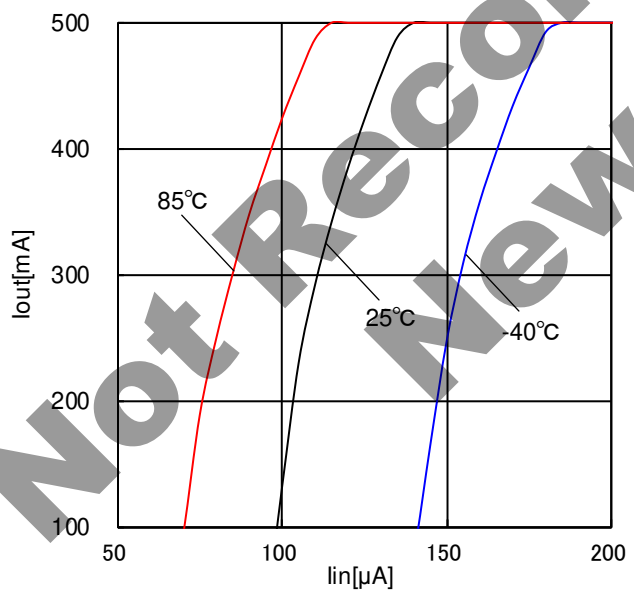


Figure 3 .
Output Current vs Input Current

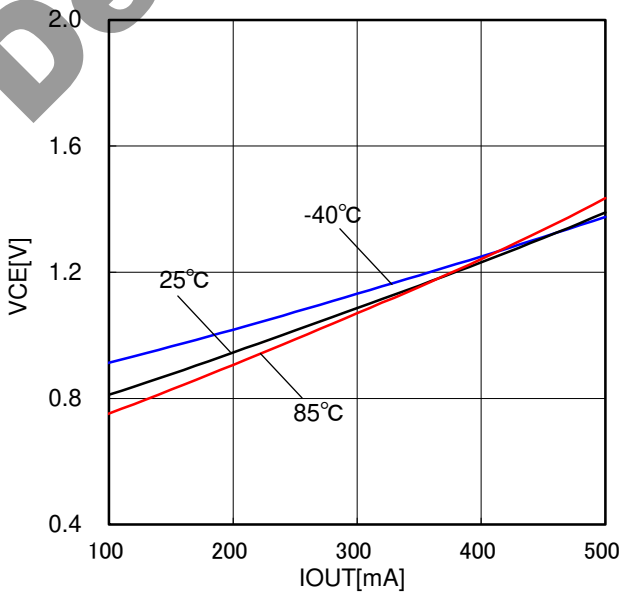


Figure 4 .
Output Saturation Voltage1 vs Output Current

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Typical Performance Curve (Reference Data) - continued

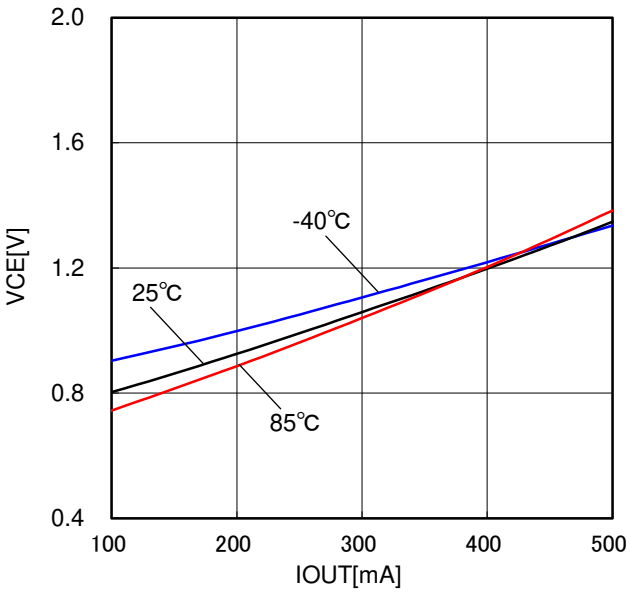


Figure 5 .
Output Saturation Voltage2 vs Output Current

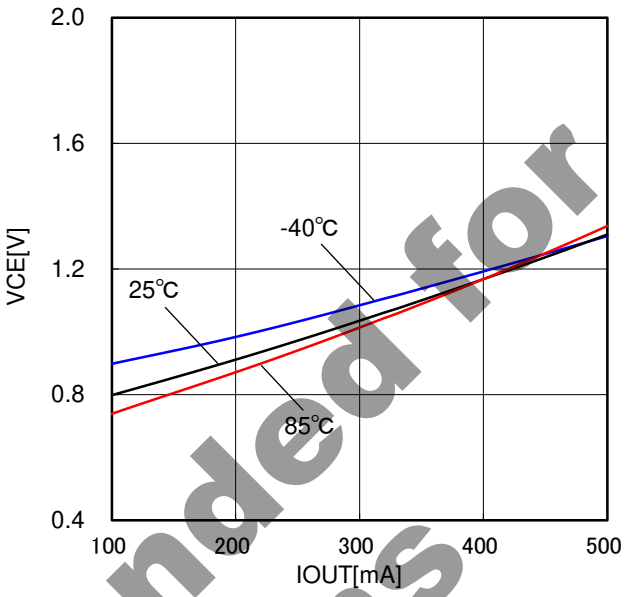


Figure 6 .
Output Saturation Voltage3 vs Output Current

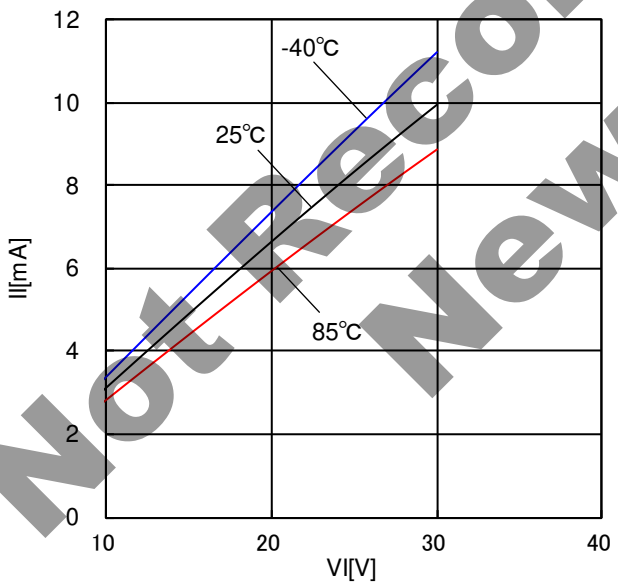


Figure 7 .
Input Current vs Input Voltage

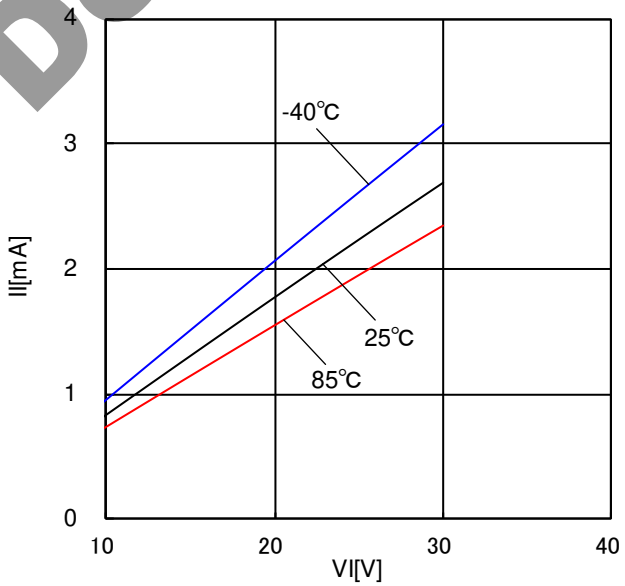


Figure 8 .
Input Current vs Input Voltage

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Typical Performance Curve (Reference Data) - continued

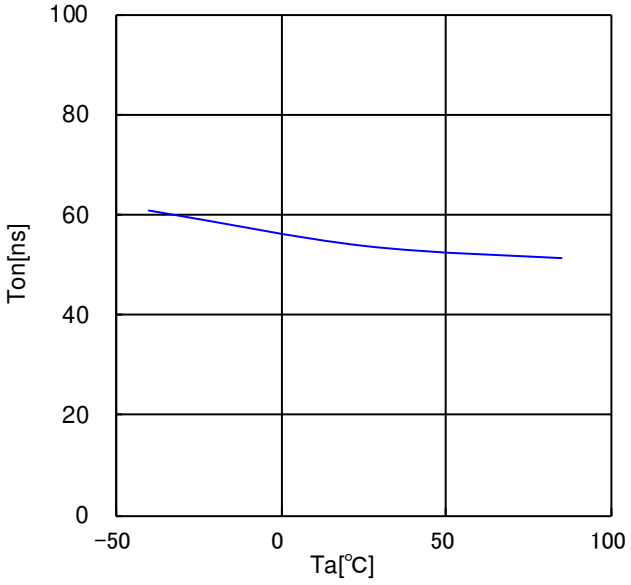


Figure 9 .
Turn-ON Time vs Ambient Temperature

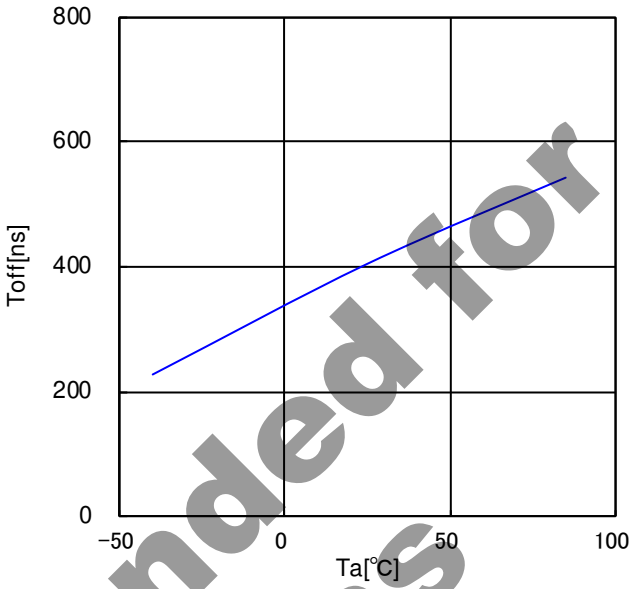


Figure 10 .
Turn-OFF Time vs Ambient Temperature

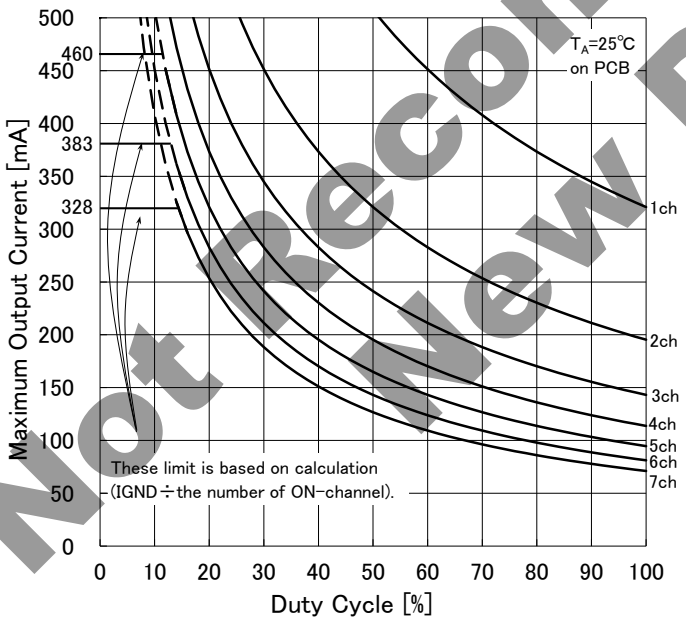


Figure 11.
Output Current - Duty Cycle
(BA12003BF/BA12004BF)

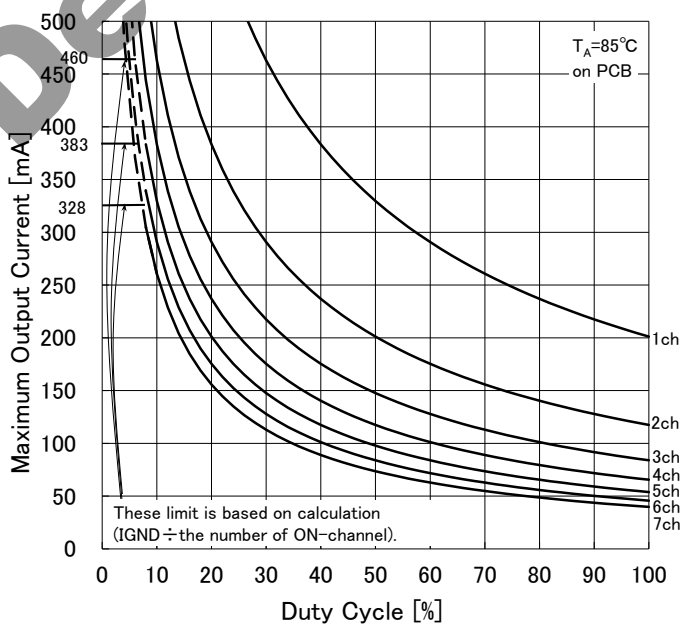


Figure 12.
Output Current - Duty Cycle
(BA12003BF/BA12004BF)

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Typical Performance Curve (Reference Data) - continued

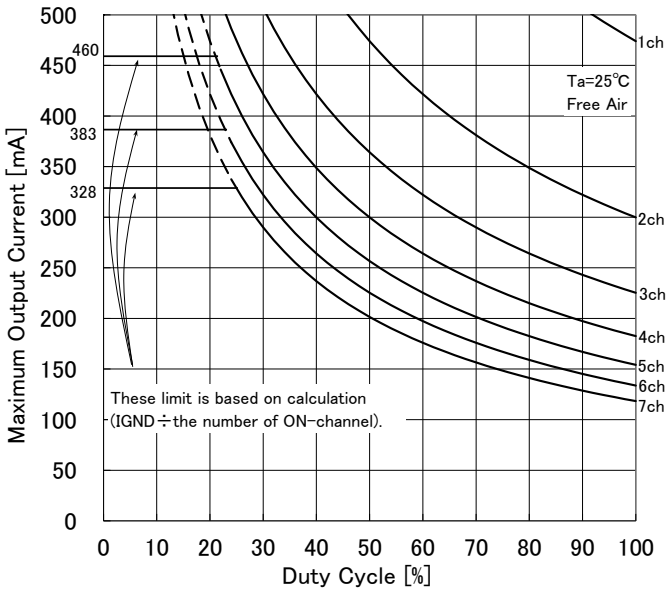


Figure 13 .
Output Current - Duty Cycle
(BA12003B/BA12004B)

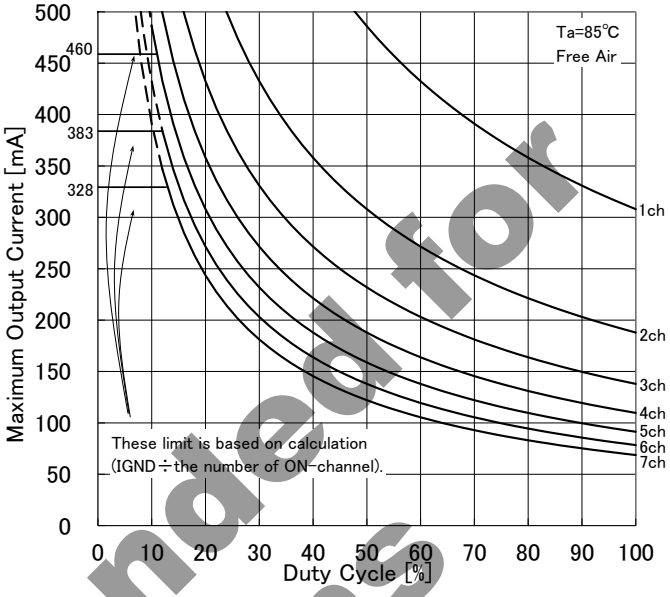


Figure 14.
Output Current - Duty Cycle
(BA12003B/BA12004B)

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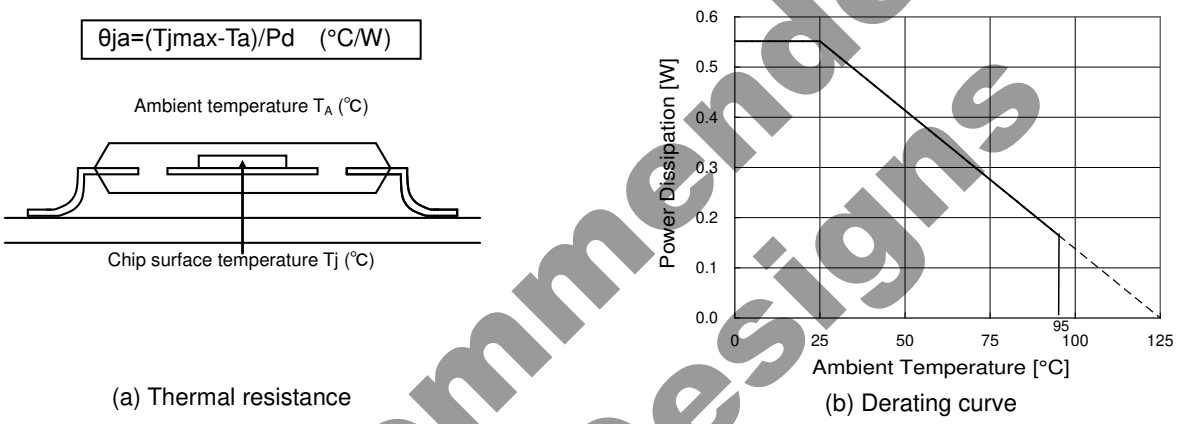
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Power Dissipation

Power dissipation(total loss) indicates the power that can be consumed by IC at T_A=25°C(normal temperature). IC is heated when it consumed power, and the temperature of IC chip becomes higher than ambient temperature. The temperature that can be accepted by IC chip depends on circuit configuration, manufacturing process, and consumable power is limited. Power dissipation is determined by the temperature allowed in IC chip(maximum junction temperature) and thermal resistance of package(heat dissipation capability). The maximum junction temperature is typically equal to the maximum value in the storage temperature range. Heat generated by consumed power of IC radiates from the mold resin or lead frame of the package. The parameter which indicates this heat dissipation capability(hardness of heat release)is called thermal resistance, represented by the symbol θ_{JA} (°C/W).The temperature of IC inside the package can be estimated by this thermal resistance. Figure 15(a) shows the model of thermal resistance of the package. Thermal resistance θ_{JA}, ambient temperature T_A, maximum junction temperature Tjmax, and power dissipation Pd can be calculated by the equation below:

$$\theta_{JA} = (T_{JMAX} - T_A) / Pd \qquad [°C/W]$$

Derating curve in Figure 15(b) indicates power that can be consumed by IC with reference to ambient temperature. Power that can be consumed by IC with reference to ambient temperature. Power that can be consumed by IC begins to attenuate at certain ambient temperature. This gradient is determined by thermal resistance θ_{JA}. Thermal resistance θ_{JA} depends on chip size, power consumption, package, ambient temperature, package condition, wind velocity, etc even when the same of package is used. Thermal reduction curve indicates a reference value measured at a specified condition.
Figure 16 show a derating curve for an example of BA12003B/BA12004B and Figure 17 show a derating curve for an example of BA12003BF/BA12004BF.



(a) Thermal resistance

(b) Derating curve

Figure 15. Thermal resistance and derating curve

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Power Dissipation - continued

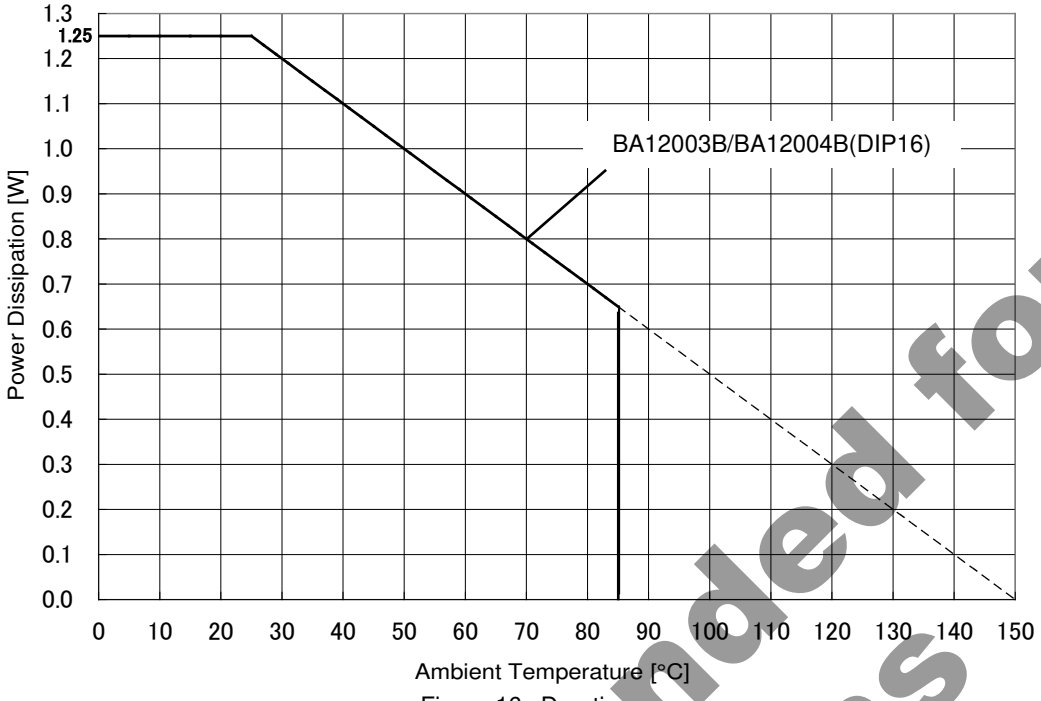


Figure 16. Derating curve

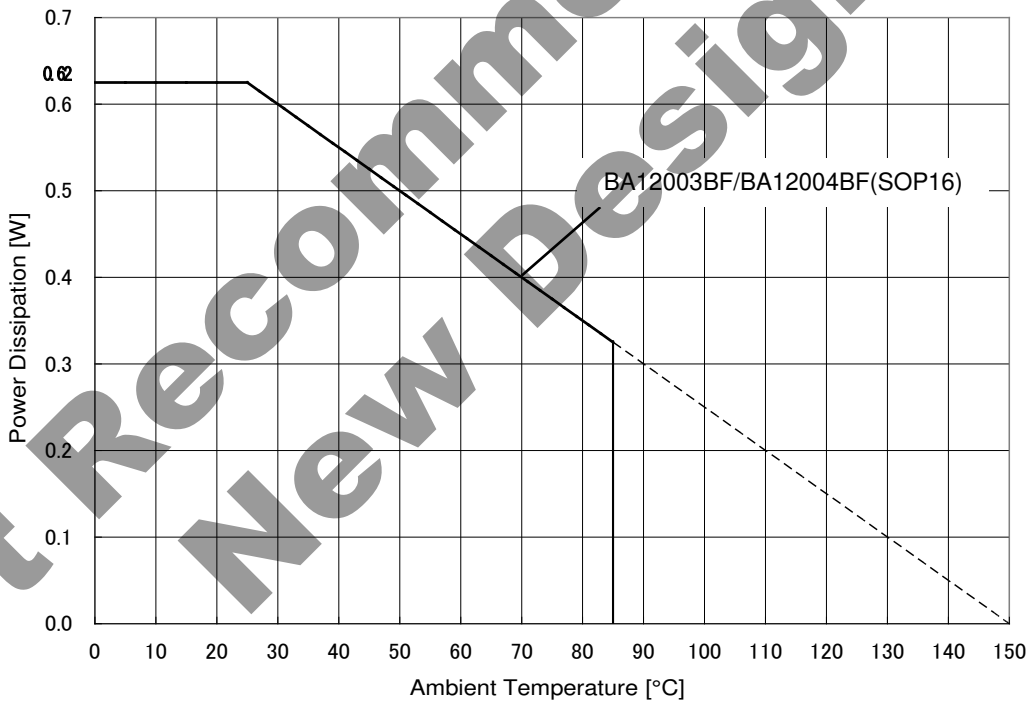


Figure 17. Derating curve

Part Number	Slope of Derating Curve	Unit
BA12003B/BA12004B	10.0	mW/℃
BA12003BF/BA12004BF	5.0	mW/℃

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Operational Notes

1. **Reverse Connection of Power Supply**
   Connecting the power supply in reverse polarity can damage the IC. Take precautions against reverse polarity when connecting the power supply, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply pins.

2. **Power Supply Lines**
   Design the PCB layout pattern to provide low impedance supply lines. Furthermore, connect a capacitor to ground at all power supply pins. Consider the effect of temperature and aging on the capacitance value when using electrolytic capacitors.

3. **Ground Voltage**
   Ensure that no pins are at a voltage below that of the ground pin at any time, even during transient condition. However, pins that drive inductive loads (e.g. motor driver outputs, DC-DC converter outputs) may inevitably go below ground due to back EMF or electromotive force. In such cases, the user should make sure that such voltages going below ground will not cause the IC and the system to malfunction by examining carefully all relevant factors and conditions such as motor characteristics, supply voltage, operating frequency and PCB wiring to name a few.

4. **Ground Wiring Pattern**
   When using both small-signal and large-current ground traces, the two ground traces should be routed separately but connected to a single ground at the reference point of the application board to avoid fluctuations in the small-signal ground caused by large currents. Also ensure that the ground traces of external components do not cause variations on the ground voltage. The ground lines must be as short and thick as possible to reduce line impedance.

5. **Thermal Consideration**
   Should by any chance the power dissipation rating be exceeded the rise in temperature of the chip may result in deterioration of the properties of the chip. In case of exceeding this absolute maximum rating, increase the board size and copper area to prevent exceeding the Pd rating.

6. **Recommended Operating Conditions**
   These conditions represent a range within which the expected characteristics of the IC can be approximately obtained. The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.

7. **Inrush Current**
   When power is first supplied to the IC, it is possible that the internal logic may be unstable and inrush current may flow instantaneously due to the internal powering sequence and delays, especially if the IC has more than one power supply. Therefore, give special consideration to power coupling capacitance, power wiring, width of ground wiring, and routing of connections.

8. **Operation Under Strong Electromagnetic Field**
   Operating the IC in the presence of a strong electromagnetic field may cause the IC to malfunction.

9. **Testing on Application Boards**
   When testing the IC on an application board, connecting a capacitor directly to a low-impedance output pin may subject the IC to stress. Always discharge capacitors completely after each process or step. The IC's power supply should always be turned off completely before connecting or removing it from the test setup during the inspection process. To prevent damage from static discharge, ground the IC during assembly and use similar precautions during transport and storage.

10. **Inter-pin Short and Mounting Errors**
    Ensure that the direction and position are correct when mounting the IC on the PCB. Incorrect mounting may result in damaging the IC. Avoid nearby pins being shorted to each other especially to ground, power supply and output pin. Inter-pin shorts could be due to many reasons such as metal particles, water droplets (in very humid environment) and unintentional solder bridge deposited in between pins during assembly to name a few.

11. **Unused Input Pins**
    Input pins of an IC are often connected to the gate of a MOS transistor. The gate has extremely high impedance and extremely low capacitance. If left unconnected, the electric field from the outside can easily charge it. The small charge acquired in this way is enough to produce a significant effect on the conduction through the transistor and cause unexpected operation of the IC. So unless otherwise specified, unused input pins should be connected to the power supply or ground line.

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Operational Notes – continued

12. Regarding the Input Pin of the IC

This monolithic IC contains P+ isolation and P substrate layers between adjacent elements in order to keep them isolated. P-N junctions are formed at the intersection of the P layers with the N layers of other elements, creating a parasitic diode or transistor. For example (refer to figure below):

When GND > Pin A and GND > Pin B, the P-N junction operates as a parasitic diode.
When GND > Pin B, the P-N junction operates as a parasitic transistor.

Parasitic diodes inevitably occur in the structure of the IC. The operation of parasitic diodes can result in mutual interference among circuits, operational faults, or physical damage. Therefore, conditions that cause these diodes to operate, such as applying a voltage lower than the GND voltage to an input pin (and thus to the P substrate) should be avoided.

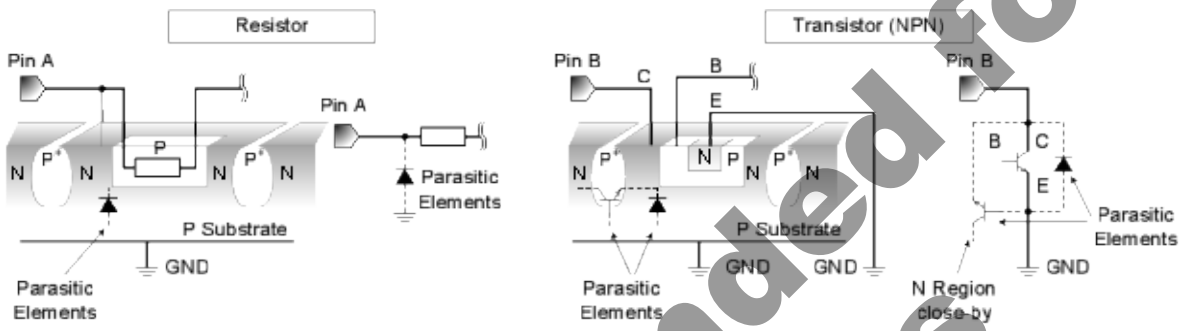


Figure 18. Example of monolithic IC structure

13. Ceramic Capacitor

When using a ceramic capacitor, determine the dielectric constant considering the change of capacitance with temperature and the decrease in nominal capacitance due to DC bias and others.

14. Area of Safe Operation (ASO)

Operate the IC such that the output voltage, output current, and power dissipation are all within the Area of Safe Operation (ASO).

15. Output Pins

Connecting zener diode should be enable to prevent degradation of current time.Pease use zener diode satisfy with VCC+VZ≤VCE(SUS).

16. Output clamp diode

Figure 19 is a construction of the clamp diode part in this IC. When the clamp diode works, PNP transistor works. Therefore, a consumption power increases. When a consecutive surge current (or backward current of motor) flows in this clamp diode, we recommend the diode with a low forward voltage etc.(schottky diode) connection between OUT and COM for bypass pathway of surge current.

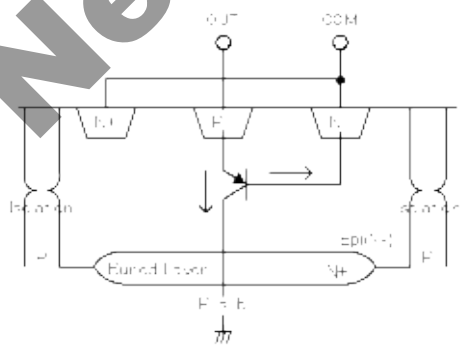
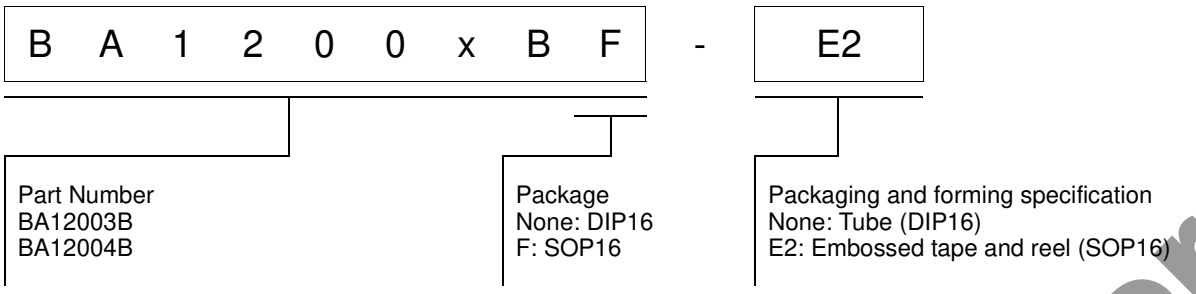


Figure 19. Construction of output clamp diode

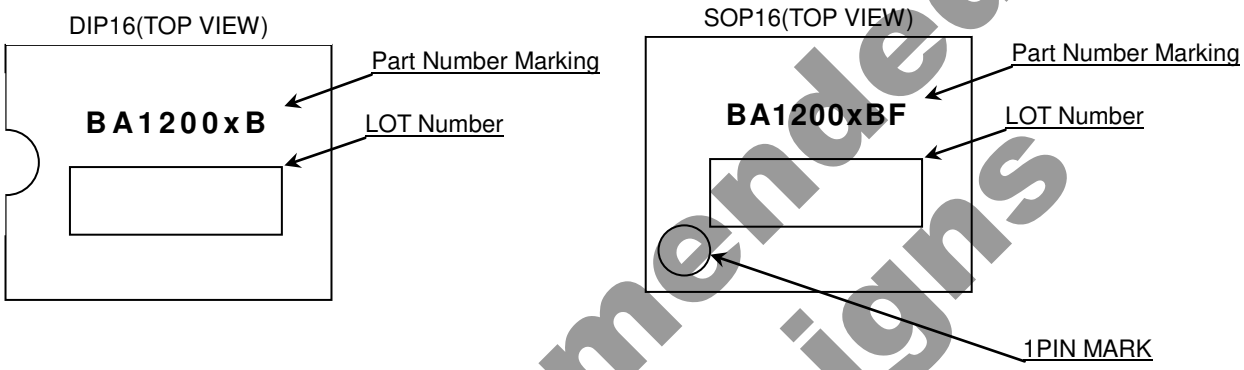
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Ordering Information



Marking Diagrams



Lineup

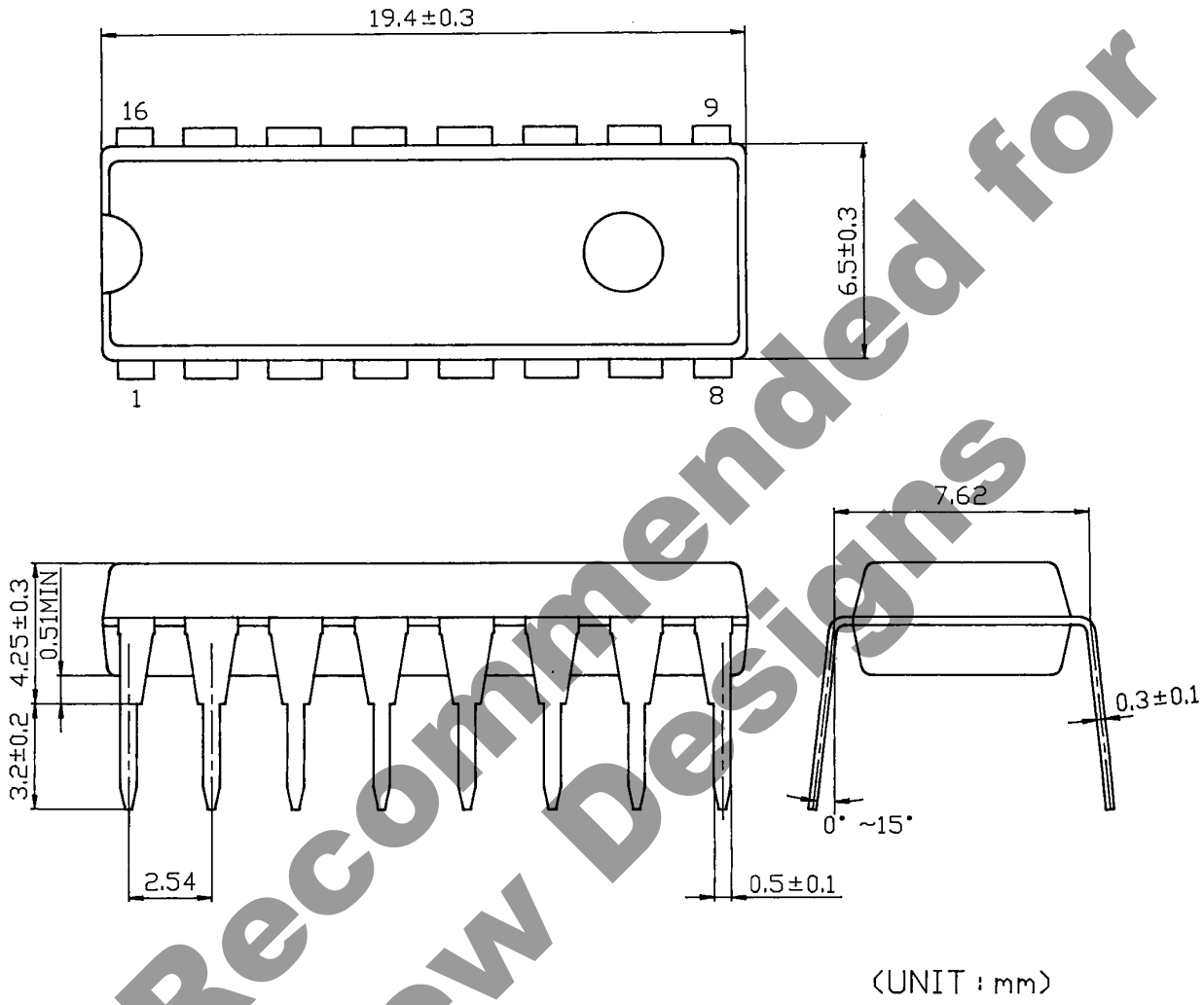
Part Number Marking	Package	Orderable Part Number
BA12003B	DIP16	BA12003B
BA12004B	DIP16	BA12004B
BA12003BF	SOP16	BA12003BF-E2
BA12004BF	SOP16	BA12004BF-E2

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Physical Dimension, Tape and Reel Information

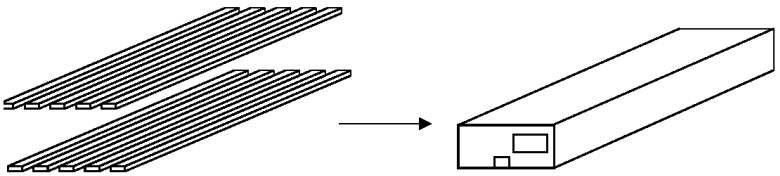
Package Name	DIP16



(UNIT : mm)

< Container Information >

Container	Tube
Quantity	1000pcs
Direction of feed	Direction of products isfixed in a container tube



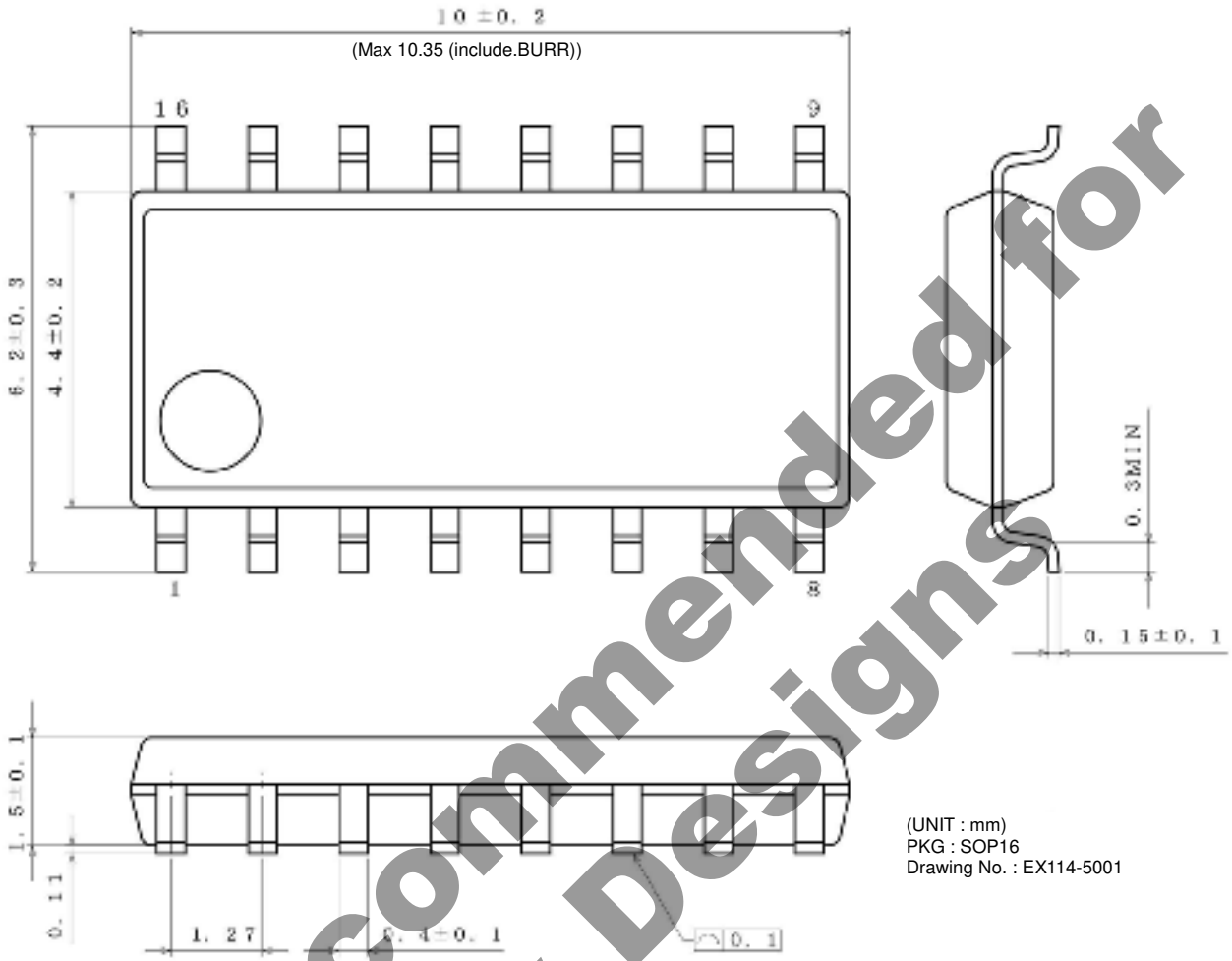
Order quantity needs to be multiple of the minimum quantity.

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Physical Dimension, Tape and Reel Information – continued

Package Name	SOP16

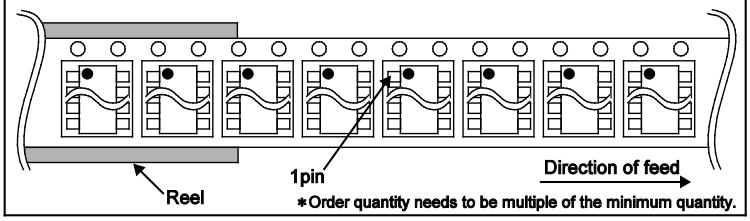


(UNIT : mm)
PKG : SOP16
Drawing No. : EX114-5001

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<Tape and Reel information>

Tape	Embossed carrier tape
Quantity	2500pcs
Direction of feed	E2 (The direction is the 1pin of product is at the upper left when you hold reel on the left hand and you pull out the tape on the right hand)



*Order quantity needs to be multiple of the minimum quantity.

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Revision History

Date	Revision	Changes
25.Dec.2014	001	New Release
12.May.2015	002	P.1 Correction : Operating temperature range P.3 Correction : Mention position of limit (Input Voltage1,2,3 in an Electrical Characteristics)

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(Note1) Medical Equipment Classification of the Specific Applications

JAPAN	USA	EU	CHINA
CLASSⅢ	CLASSⅢ	CLASSⅡb	CLASSⅢ
CLASSⅣ		CLASSⅢ	

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   [b] Use of our Products outdoors or in places where the Products are exposed to direct sunlight or dust
   [c] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to sea wind or corrosive gases, including Cl_2, H_2S, NH_3, SO_2, and NO_2
   [d] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to static electricity or electromagnetic waves
   [e] Use of our Products in proximity to heat-producing components, plastic cords, or other flammable items
   [f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
   [g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (even if you use no-clean type fluxes, cleaning residue of flux is recommended); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
   [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation

4. The Products are not subject to radiation-proof design.

5. Please verify and confirm characteristics of the final or mounted products in using the Products.

6. In particular, if a transient load (a large amount of load applied in a short period of time, such as pulse. is applied, confirmation of performance characteristics after on-board mounting is strongly recommended. Avoid applying power exceeding normal rated power; exceeding the power rating under steady-state loading condition may negatively affect product performance and reliability.

7. De-rate Power Dissipation (Pd) depending on Ambient temperature (Ta). When used in sealed area, confirm the actual ambient temperature.

8. Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.

9. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

Precaution for Mounting / Circuit board design

1. When a highly active halogenous (chlorine, bromine, etc.) flux is used, the residue of flux may negatively affect product performance and reliability.

2. In principle, the reflow soldering method must be used on a surface-mount products, the flow soldering method must be used on a through hole mount products. If the flow soldering method is preferred on a surface-mount products, please consult with the ROHM representative in advance.

For details, please refer to ROHM Mounting specification

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2. You agree that application notes, reference designs, and associated data and information contained in this document are presented only as guidance for Products use. Therefore, in case you use such information, you are solely responsible for it and you must exercise your own independent verification and judgment in the use of such information contained in this document. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of such information.

Precaution for Electrostatic

This Product is electrostatic sensitive product, which may be damaged due to electrostatic discharge. Please take proper caution in your manufacturing process and storage so that voltage exceeding the Products maximum rating will not be applied to Products. Please take special care under dry condition (e.g. Grounding of human body / equipment / solder iron, isolation from charged objects, setting of Ionizer, friction prevention and temperature / humidity control).

Precaution for Storage / Transportation

1. Product performance and soldered connections may deteriorate if the Products are stored in the places where:
   [a] the Products are exposed to sea winds or corrosive gases, including Cl2, H2S, NH3, SO2, and NO2
   [b] the temperature or humidity exceeds those recommended by ROHM
   [c] the Products are exposed to direct sunshine or condensation
   [d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic

2. Even under ROHM recommended storage condition, solderability of products out of recommended storage time period may be degraded. It is strongly recommended to confirm solderability before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

3. Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton with a symbol. Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.

4. Use Products within the specified time after opening a humidity barrier bag. Baking is required before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

Precaution for Product Label

QR code printed on ROHM Products label is for ROHM's internal use only.

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When disposing Products please dispose them properly using an authorized industry waste company.

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