

Reset IC with battery backup function

BA6129AF / BA6162 / BA6162F

The BA6129AF, BA6162, and BA6162F are reset ICs with a battery backup function, designed for equipment using SRAMs and other similar components. These ICs are configured of a reset signal and CS signal output unit and a power supply switching unit. If the BA6129AF detects that the power supply has dropped to 3.5V or lower, it outputs the CS, CSB, and Reset signals to set the SRAM in backup mode. If the voltage drops to 3.3V or lower, the power supply switches to the battery. With the BA6162 and BA6162F, in the same way, a power supply of 4.2V is detected, and if the voltage drops to 3.3V or lower, the power supply switches to the battery. These ICs allow SRAMs to be write protected and allow the system to be reset, in addition to switching between the power supply and the battery.

●Applications

Equipment using SRAMs (cards, cassettes, facsimile machines, copiers, word processors, personal computers, etc.)

●Features

- 1) Equipped with battery backup function.
- 2) Equipped with both CS signals (CS and CSB) and Reset signals.
- 3) Low current dissipation when powered from battery.
- 4) Low voltage loss when powered from battery.
- 5) Smooth switching between power supply and battery.

●Absolute maximum ratings (Ta = 25°C)

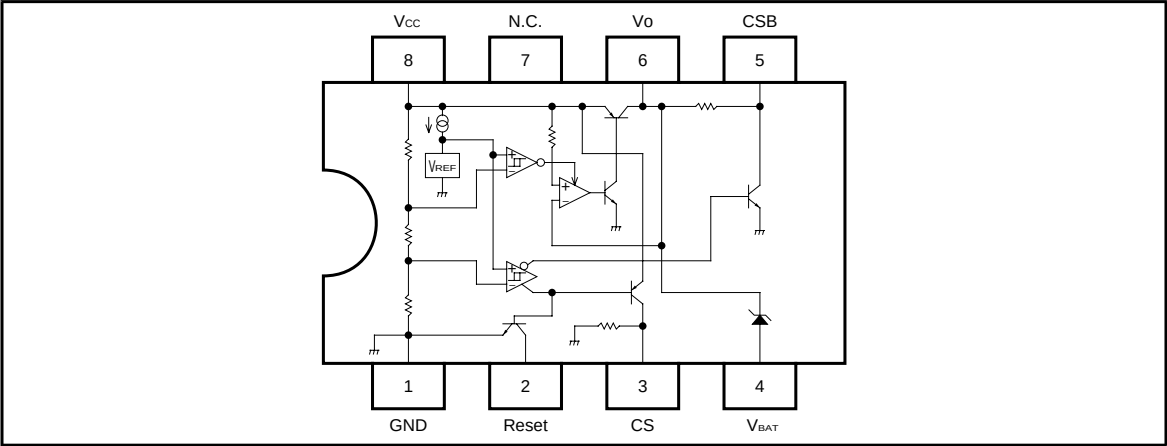
Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Power supply voltage	V _{CC}	7.0	V
Output current 1	I _{OUT1}	– 80 (BA6129AF) – 40 (BA6162 / BA6162F)	mA
Output current 2	I _{OUT2}	– 200	μA
Power dissipation	P _d	900* ¹ (BA6162) 550* ² (BA6129AF) (BA6162F)	mW
Operating temperature	T _{opr}	– 20 ~ + 75	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	– 40 ~ + 125	°C

OUT1 indicates the output current on the V_{CC} side, and I_{OUT2} the output current on the V_{BAT} side.

*1 Reduced by 9.0mW for each increase in Ta of 1°C over 25°C.

*2 Reduced by 5.5mW for each increase in Ta of 1°C over 25°C.

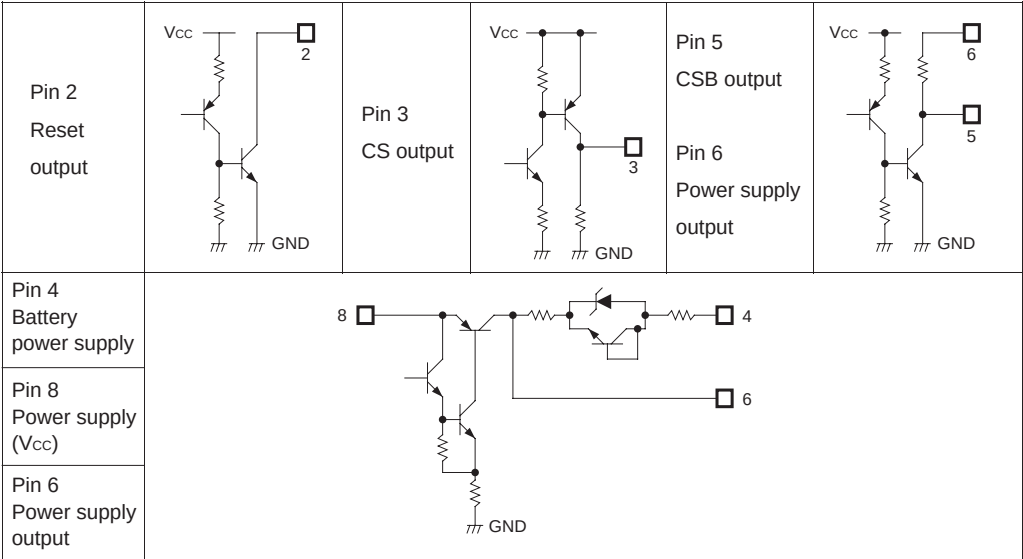
●Block diagram



●Pin descriptions

Pin No.	Pin name	Function
1	GND	Substrate GND
2	Reset	Reset output
3	CS	CS output
4	VBAT	Battery power supply
5	CSB	CSB output
6	Vo	Power supply output
7	N.C.	—
8	Vcc	Power supply voltage

●Input / output circuit



●Electrical characteristics

BA6129AF (unless otherwise noted, Ta = 25°C, VR_{RES} = V_{CC} = 5V, R_{RES} = 10kΩ)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
No-load current dissipation	I _{CC}	—	—	2.0	mA	V _{CC} = 5V, V _{BAT} = 3V
I / O voltage differential 1	V _{SAT1}	—	0.03	0.05	V	V _{CC} = 5V, V _{BAT} = 3V, I _O = – 1mA
Vo output voltage 1	V _{O1}	4.95	4.97	—	V	V _{CC} = 5V, V _{BAT} = 3V, I _O = – 1mA
Vo output voltage 2	V _{O2}	4.70	4.90	—	V	V _{CC} = 5V, V _{BAT} = 3V, I _O = – 15mA
Vo output voltage 3	V _{O3}	4.50	4.86	—	V	V _{CC} = 5V, V _{BAT} = 3V, I _O = – 30mA
Detection voltage	V _S	3.35	3.50	3.65	V	V _{CC} = H→L
Detection hysteresis voltage	V _{SH}	—	100	—	mV	V _{CC} = L→H
Reset output low level voltage	V _{RESL}	—	—	0.4	V	V _{CC} = 3V
Reset leakage current	I _{RESH}	—	—	0.1	μA	V _{CC} = 5V, VR _{RES} = 7V
Reset operating limit voltage	V _{OPL}	—	0.8	1.2	V	V _{CC} = H→L, V _{RES} ≤ 0.4V
CS output low level voltage	V _{CSL}	—	—	0.1	V	V _{CC} = 3V, V _{BAT} = 3V, I _{CS} = + 1μA
CS output high level voltage	V _{CSH}	4.9	—	—	V	V _{CC} = 5V, V _{BAT} = 3V, I _{CS} = – 1μA
CSB output low level voltage	V _{CSBL}	—	—	0.1	V	V _{CC} = 5V, V _{BAT} = 3V, I _{CSB} = + 1μA
CSB output high level voltage	V _{CSBH}	Vo – 0.1	—	—	V	V _{CC} = 3V, V _{BAT} = 3V, I _{CSB} = – 1μA
Detection voltage temperature characteristic	V _S	– 0.05	—	+ 0.05	% / °C	—
Switching voltage	V _B	3.15	3.30	3.45	V	V _{CC} = H→L, V _{BAT} = 3V, R _O = 200kΩ
Switching hysteresis voltage	V _{BH}	—	100	—	mV	V _{CC} = L→H, V _{BAT} = 3V, R _O = 200kΩ
Switching voltage temperature characteristic	V _B	– 0.05	—	+ 0.05	% / °C	—
Backup current dissipation	I _{CCB}	—	—	0.5	μA	V _{CC} = GND, V _{BAT} = 3V
I / O voltage differential 2	V _{SAT2}	—	0.20	0.30	V	V _{CC} = GND, V _{BAT} = 3V, I _O = – 1μA
Vo output voltage 4	V _{O4}	2.70	2.80	—	V	V _{CC} = GND, V _{BAT} = 3V, I _O = – 1μA
Vo output voltage 5	V _{O5}	2.60	2.67	—	V	V _{CC} = GND, V _{BAT} = 3V, I _O = – 100μA
Vo output voltage 6	V _{O6}	V _{CC} – 0.5	—	—	V	I _O = – 80mA
Reverse current	I _{OR}	—	—	0.1	μA	V _{CC} = 5V, V _{BAT} = GND

(Note) I_O, I_{CS}, and I_{CSB} are + when flowing toward the pin and – when flowing away from the pin.

○ Not designed for radiation resistance.

BA6162 / F (unless otherwise noted, Ta = 25°C, VRRES = VCC = 5V, RRES = 10kΩ)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
No-load current dissipation	ICC	—	—	2.0	mA	VCC = 5V, VBAT = 3V
I / O voltage differential 1	VSAT1	—	0.03	0.05	V	VCC = 5V, VBAT = 3V, Io = – 1mA
Vo output voltage 1	VO1	4.95	4.97	—	V	VCC = 5V, VBAT = 3V, Io = – 1mA
Vo output voltage 2	VO2	4.70	4.90	—	V	VCC = 5V, VBAT = 3V, Io = – 15mA
Vo output voltage 3	VO3	4.50	4.86	—	V	VCC = 5V, VBAT = 3V, Io = – 30mA
Detection voltage	VS	4.00	4.20	4.40	V	VCC = H→L
Detection hysteresis voltage	VSH	—	100	—	mV	VCC = L→H
Reset output low level voltage	VRESL	—	—	0.4	V	VCC = 3.7V
Reset leakage current	IRESH	—	—	0.1	μA	VCC = 5V, VRRES = 7V
Reset operating limit voltage	VOPL	—	0.8	1.2	V	VCC = H→L, VRES ≤ 0.4V
CS output low level voltage	VCSL	—	—	0.1	V	VCC = 3.7V, VBAT = 3V, ICS = + 1μA
CS output high level voltage	VCSH	4.9	—	—	V	VCC = 5V, VBAT = 3V, ICS = – 1μA
CSB output low level voltage	VCSBL	—	—	0.1	V	VCC = 5V, VBAT = 3V, ICSB = + 1μA
CSB output high level voltage	VCSBH	Vo – 0.1	—	—	V	VCC = 3.7V, VBAT = 3V, ICSB = – 1μA
Detection voltage temperature characteristic	KVS	– 0.05	—	+ 0.05	% / °C	—
Switching voltage	VB	3.15	3.30	3.45	V	VCC = H→L, VBAT = 3V, Ro = 200kΩ
Switching hysteresis voltage	VBH	—	100	—	mV	VCC = L→H, VBAT = 3V, Ro = 200kΩ
Switching voltage temperature characteristic	KVB	– 0.05	—	+ 0.05	% / °C	—
Backup current dissipation	ICCB	—	—	0.5	μA	VCC = GND, VBAT = 3V
I / O voltage differential 2	VSAT2	—	0.20	0.03	V	VCC = GND, VBAT = 3V, Io = – 1μA
Vo output voltage 4	VO4	2.70	2.80	—	V	VCC = GND, VBAT = 3V, Io = – 1μA
Vo output voltage 5	VO5	2.60	2.67	—	V	VCC = GND, VBAT = 3V, Io = – 100μA
Vo output voltage 6	VO6	VCC – 0.5	—	—	V	Io = – 40mA
Reverse current	IOR	—	—	0.1	μA	VCC = 5V, VBAT = GND

(Note) Io, ICS, and ICSB are + when flowing toward the pin and – when flowing away from the pin.

○ Not designed for radiation resistance.

● Measurement circuit

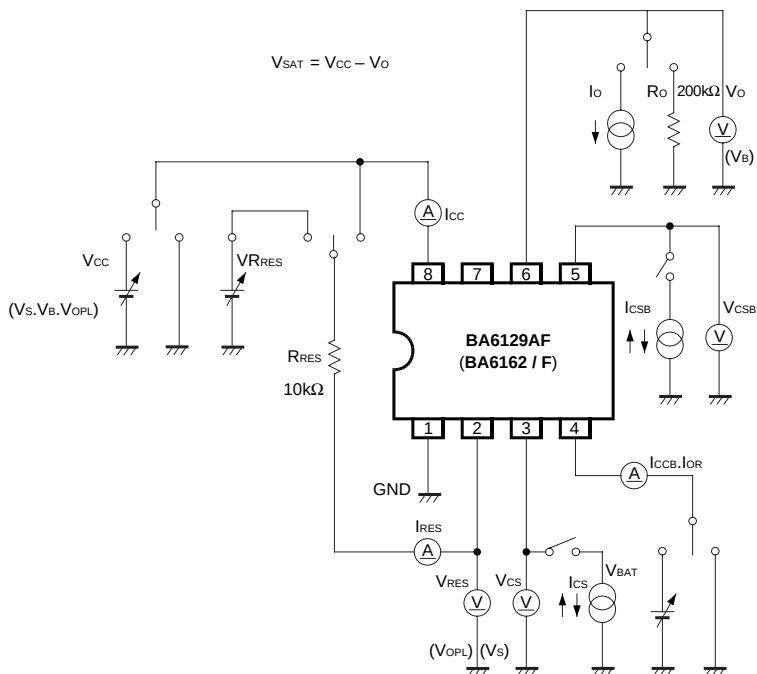


Fig. 1

●Circuit operation

These ICs have two distinct functions, a logic output function and a power supply switching function.

The logic output circuit consists of the following:

- (1) Reset output (NPN Tr open collector)
- (2) CS output (PNP Tr open collector + pull-down resistor)
- (3) CSB output (NPN Tr open collector + pull-up resistor)

The power supply switching circuit consists of a PNP power transistor and an SBD (Schottky barrier diode). The normal power supply V_{CC} and the battery backup power supply (V_{BAT}) are both connected to the switching circuit. When the PNP power transistor is turned on and off, the IC power is switched from the normal power supply to the battery backup power supply, and vice versa.

The power supply voltage detection circuit consists of a standard voltage source V_{REF} and a hysteresis comparator. The power supply V_{CC} is detected using a split resistance. When the power supply voltage drops below the detection voltage (BA6129AF: $V_S = 3.5V_{typ.}$ when V_{CC} drops and $V_S + 0.1V_{typ.}$ when V_{CC} rises;

BA6162 / F: $V_S = 4.2V_{typ.}$ when V_{CC} drops, and $V_S + 0.1V_{typ.}$ when V_{CC} rises), the Reset signal (Low) and the CS signal (CS-Low, CSB-High) are output by the logic output function, and the SRAM (or other memory device) is switched to backup mode.

If the power supply V_{CC} drops further and goes below the switching voltage (BA6129AF and BA6162 / F: $V_B = 3.3V_{typ.}$ when V_{CC} drops, $V_B + 0.1V_{typ.}$ when V_{CC} rises), the SBD develops a forward bias because the PNP power transistor is off. The power supply output V_O switches from the power supply V_{CC} to the battery power supply (V_{BAT}).

When the normal power supply V_{CC} rises, the above process is reversed.

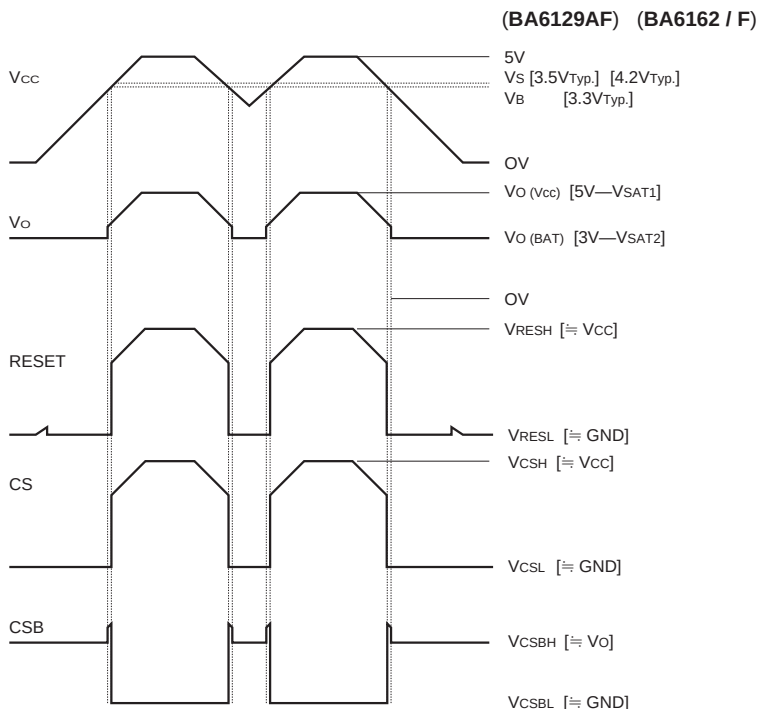


Fig. 2 Timing chart

● Application example

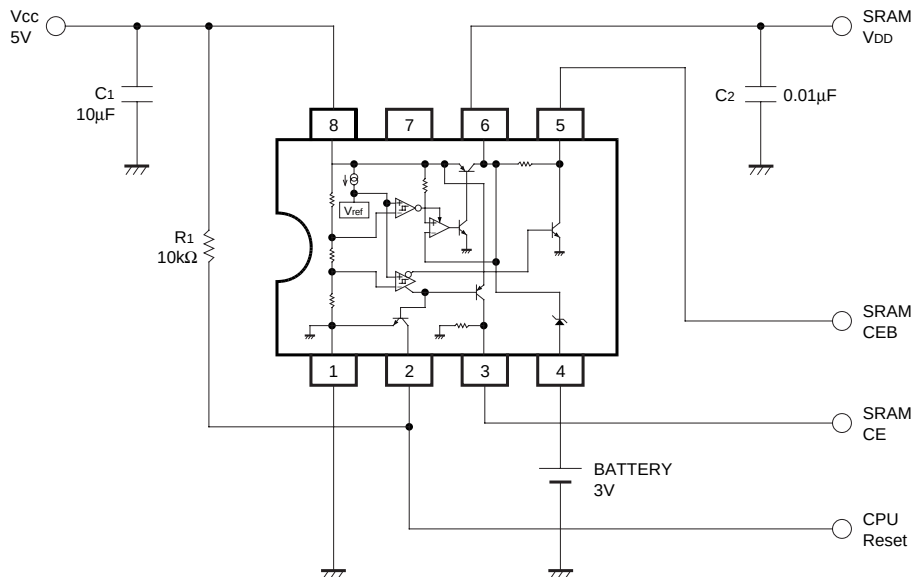


Fig. 3

● Operation notes

(1) Power supply V_{CC}

These ICs are designed to operate with at $V_{CC} = 5V$, but can also operate at V_{CC} values of other than 5V. However, the following conditions must be met: (equation)

$$\begin{cases} V_S + V_{SH} < V_{CC} < V_{CCMax.} \\ V_{CC} - V_{BAT} < 5V \end{cases}$$

(2) Battery voltage V_{BAT}

These ICs are designed to operate with at $V_{BAT} = 3V$, but can also operate at V_{BAT} values of other than 3V. However, the following conditions must be met: (equation)

$$\begin{cases} V_{BAT} < V_B \\ V_{CC} - V_{BAT} < 5V \end{cases}$$

where) V_S : detection voltage

V_{SH} : detection hysteresis voltage

V_B : switching voltage

●Electrical characteristic curves (BA6129AF)

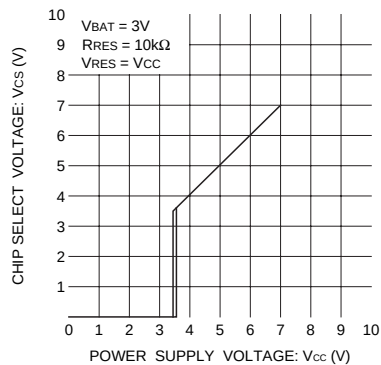


Fig. 4 CS output voltage vs. power supply voltage

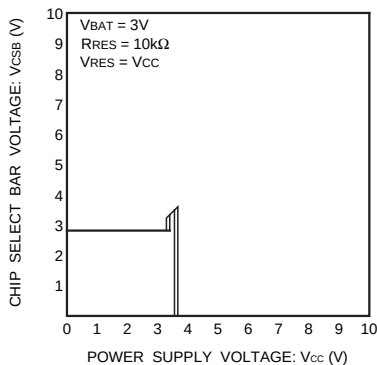


Fig. 5 CSB output voltage vs. power supply voltage

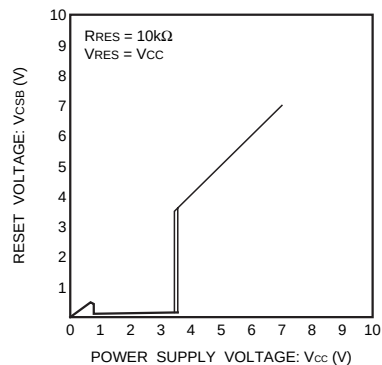


Fig. 6 Reset output voltage vs. power supply voltage

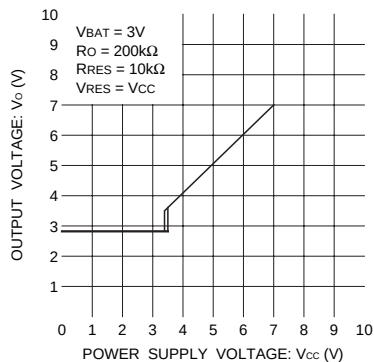


Fig. 7 Output voltage vs. power supply voltage

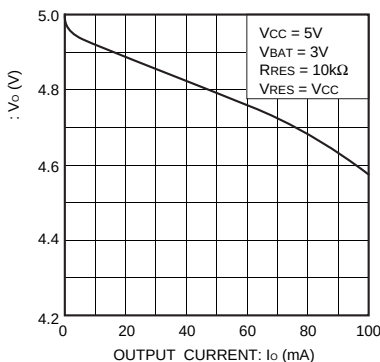


Fig. 8 Output voltage vs. output current (I) (when power supply is detected)

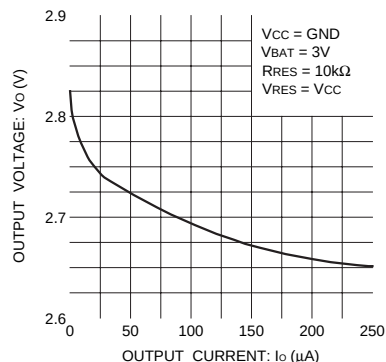


Fig. 9 Output voltage vs. output current (II) (when using battery backup)

●Electrical characteristic curves (BA6162 / F)

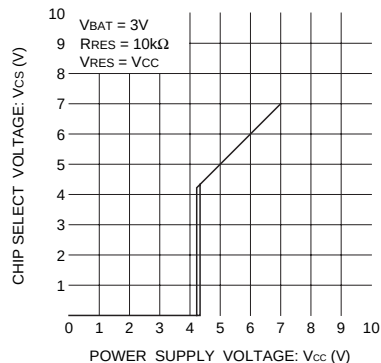


Fig. 10 CS output voltage vs. power supply voltage

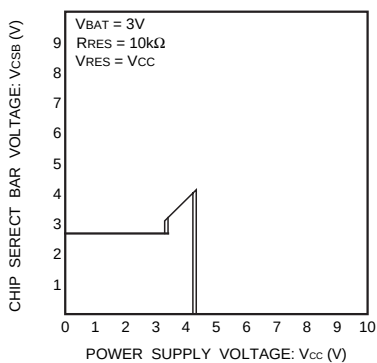


Fig. 11 CSB output voltage vs. power supply voltage

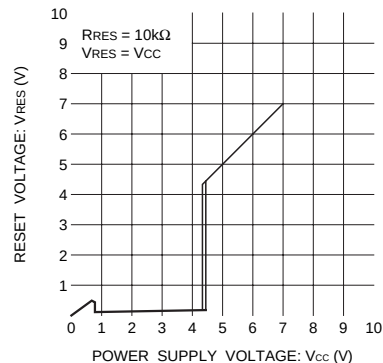


Fig. 12 Reset output voltage vs. power supply voltage

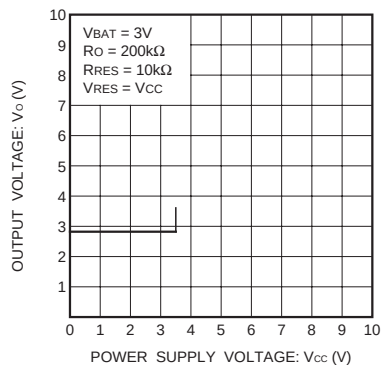


Fig. 13 Output voltage vs. power supply voltage

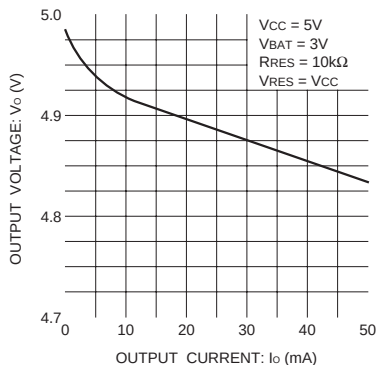


Fig. 14 Output voltage vs. output current (I) (when power supply is detected)

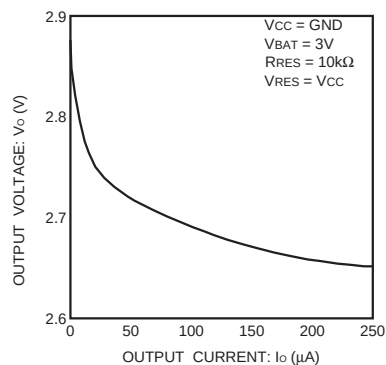
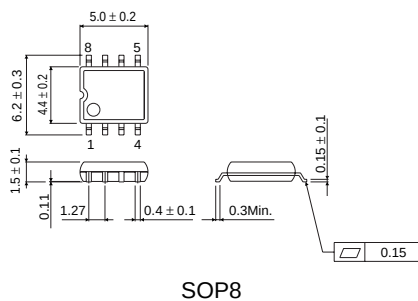


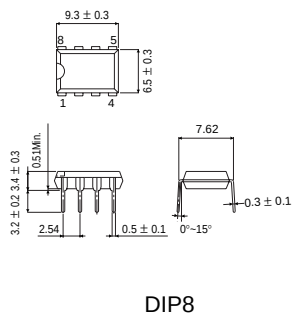
Fig. 15 Output voltage vs. output current (II) (when using battery backup)

●External dimensions (Units: mm)

BA6129AF, BA6162F



BA6162



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