

General Description

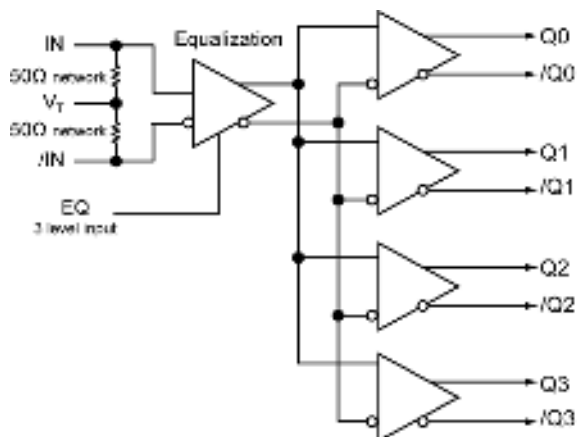
The SY56020XR is a fully differential, low voltage 1.2V/1.8V/2.5V CML 1:4 Fanout Buffer with input equalization. The SY56020XR can process clock signals as fast as 4.5GHz or data patterns up to 6.4Gbps.

The differential input includes Micrel's unique 3-pin input termination architecture that interfaces to DC-coupled 2.5V/3.3V LVPECL, 1.2V/1.8V/2.5V CML or LVDS differential signals. For AC-coupled input applications, an internal voltage reference is provided for input bias. Input voltages as small as 200mV (400mV_{pp}) are applied before the 9, 18 or 27-inch FR4 transmission line. The outputs are CML.

The SY56020XR operates from a 2.5V $\pm 5\%$ core supply and a 1.2V, 1.8V or 2.5V $\pm 5\%$ output supply and is guaranteed over the full industrial temperature range (-40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$). The SY56020XR is part of Micrel's high-speed, Precision Edge[®] product line.

Data sheets and support documentation can be found on Micrel's web site at: www.micrel.com.

Functional Block Diagram

**Precision Edge[®]**

Features

- 1.2V/1.8V/2.5V CML 1:4 Fanout Bufer with EQ.
- Guaranteed AC performance over temperature and voltage:
 - DC-to > 6.4Gbps throughput
 - <300ps propagation delay (IN-to-Q)
 - <15ps within-device skew
- Ultra-low jitter design
 - <0.8ps_{RMS} random jitter
 - <10ps_{PP} deterministic jitter
- High-speed CML outputs
- 2.5V $\pm 5\%$, 1.8/1.2V $\pm 5\%$ power supply operation
- Industrial temperature range: -40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Available in 16-pin (3mm x 3mm) QFN package

Applications

- Data Distribution
- SONET clock and data distribution
- Fibre Channel clock and data distribution
- Gigabit Ethernet clock and data distribution

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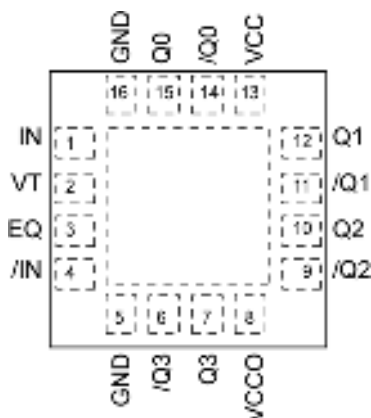
Ordering Information⁽¹⁾

Part Number	Package Type	Operating Range	Package Marking	Lead Finish
SY56020XRMG	QFN-16	Industrial	20XR with Pb-Free bar-line indicator	NiPdAu Pb-Free
SY56020XRMGTR ⁽²⁾	QFN-16	Industrial	20XR with Pb-Free bar-line indicator	NiPdAu Pb-Free

Notes:

1. Contact factory for die availability. Dice are guaranteed at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, DC Electricals only.
2. Tape and Reel.

Pin Configuration



16-Pin QFN

Pin Description

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function
1,4	IN, /IN	Differential Input: Accepts differential signals as small as 200mV (400mV _{PP}) applied to the input of a 9, 18 or 27 inch 6mil FR4 stripline transmission line. See "Input and Output Stage" section for details of this input.
2	VT	Input Termination Center-Tap: Each side of the differential input pair terminates to the VT pin. This pin provides a center-tap to a termination network for maximum interface flexibility. An internal high impedance resistor divider biases VT to allow input AC coupling. For AC coupling, bypass VT with 0.1μF low ESR capacitor to VCC. See "Input Interface Applications" subsection and Figure 2a.
3	EQ	Three level input for equalization control.
13	VCC	Positive Power Supply: Bypass with 0.1uF//0.01uF low ESR capacitors as close to the V _{CC} pin as possible. Supplies the input and core circuitry.
8	VCCO	Output Supply: Bypass with 0.1uF//0.01uF low ESR capacitors as close to the V _{CCO} pin as possible. Supplies the output buffers.
5,16	GND, Exposed pad	Ground: Exposed pad must be connected to a ground plane that is the same potential as the ground pins.
15,14 12,11 10,9 7,6	Q0, /Q0 Q1, /Q1 Q2, /Q2 Q3, /Q3	CML Differential Output Pair: Differential buffered copy of the input signal. The output swing is typically 390mV. See "Functional Description" subsection for termination information.

Truth Table

EQ Input	Equalization FR4 6mil Stripline
LOW	9 "
FLOAT	18"
HIGH	27"

Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

Supply Voltage (V_{CC}) -0.5V to +3.0V
 Supply Voltage (V_{CCO}) -0.5V to +3.0V
 $V_{CC} - V_{CCO}$ <1.8V
 $V_{CCO} - V_{CC}$ <0.5 V
 Input Voltage (V_{IN}) -0.5V to $V_{CC}+0.4V$
 CML Output Voltage (V_{OUT}) 0.6V to 3V
 Current (V_T)
 Source or sink on VT pin $\pm 100mA$
 Input Current
 Source or sink Current on (IN, /IN) $\pm 50mA$
 Maximum operating Junction Temperature 125°C
 Lead Temperature (soldering, 20sec.) 260°C
 Storage Temperature (T_s) -65°C to +150°C

Operating Ratings⁽²⁾

Supply Voltage (V_{CC}) 2.375V to 2.625V
 (V_{CCO}) 1.14V to 2.625V
 Ambient Temperature (T_A) -40°C to +85°C
 Package Thermal Resistance⁽³⁾
 QFN
 Still-air (θ_{JA}) 75°C/W
 Junction-to-board (ψ_{JB}) 33°C/W

DC Electrical Characteristics⁽⁴⁾

$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise stated.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{CC}	Power Supply Voltage Range	V_{CC}	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
		V_{CCO}	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
		V_{CCO}	1.7	1.8	1.9	V
		V_{CCO}	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
I_{CC}	Power Supply Current	Max. V_{CC}		70	90	mA
I_{CCO}	Power Supply Current	No Load. V_{CCO}		64	84	mA
R_{DIFF_IN}	Differential Input Resistance (IN-to-/IN)		90	100	110	Ω
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage (IN, /IN)	IN, /IN	1.2		$V_{CC}+0.4$	V
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage (IN, /IN)	IN, /IN	0		$V_{IH}-0.2$	V
V_{IN}	Input Voltage Swing (IN, /IN)	See Figure 3a, Note 5, applied to input of transmission line.	0.2		1.0	V
V_{DIFF_IN}	Differential Input Voltage Swing (IN - /IN)	See Figure 3b, Note 5, applied to input of transmission line.	0.4		2.0	V
V_{T_IN}	Voltage from Input to V_T				1.28	V

Notes:

1. Permanent device damage may occur if absolute maximum ratings are exceeded. This is a stress rating only and functional operation is not implied at conditions other than those detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The data sheet limits are not guaranteed if the device is operated beyond the operating ratings.
3. Package thermal resistance assumes exposed pad is soldered (or equivalent) to the device's most negative potential on the PCB. ψ_{JB} and θ_{JA} values are determined for a 4-layer board in still-air number, unless otherwise stated.
4. The circuit is designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above table after thermal equilibrium has been established.
5. V_{IN} (max) is specified when V_T is floating.

CML Outputs DC Electrical Characteristics⁽⁶⁾

$V_{CCO} = 1.14V$ to $1.26V$ $R_L = 50\Omega$ to V_{CCO} .

$V_{CCO} = 1.7V$ to $1.9V$, $2.375V$ to $2.625V$, $R_L = 50\Omega$ to V_{CCO} or 100Ω across the outputs.

$V_{CC} = 2.375V$ to $2.625V$; $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$, unless otherwise stated.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	$R_L = 50\Omega$ to V_{CCO}	$V_{CC}-0.020$	$V_{CC}-0.010$	V_{CC}	V
V_{OUT}	Output Voltage Swing	See Figure 3a	300	390	475	mV
V_{DIFF_OUT}	Differential Output Voltage Swing	See Figure 3b	600	780	950	mV
R_{OUT}	Output Source Impedance		45	50	55	Ω

Three Level EQ Input DC Electrical Characteristics⁽⁶⁾

$V_{CC} = 2.375V$ to $2.625V$; $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$, unless otherwise stated.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage		$V_{CC}-0.3$		V_{CC}	V
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage		0		$V_{EE}+0.3$	V
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current	$V_{IH} = V_{CC}$			400	μA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current	$V_{IL} = GND$	-480			μA

AC Electrical Characteristics

$V_{CCO} = 1.14V$ to $1.26V$ $R_L = 50\Omega$ to V_{CCO} .

$V_{CCO} = 1.7V$ to $1.9V$, $2.375V$ to $2.625V$, $R_L = 50\Omega$ to V_{CCO} or 100Ω across the outputs.

$V_{CC} = 2.375V$ to $2.625V$; $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$, unless otherwise stated.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
f_{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	NRZ Data	6.4			Gbps
		$V_{OUT} > 200mV$ (Clock)	4.5			GHz
t_{PD}	Propagation Delay (IN-to-Q)	Note 7, Figure 1	120	200	300	ps
t_{Skew}	Output-to-Output Skew	Note 8		3	15	ps
	Part-to-Part Skew	Note 9			100	ps
t_{Jitter}	Data Random Jitter	Note 10			0.8	ps _{RMS}
	Data Deterministic Jitter	Note 11			10	ps _P
$t_R t_F$	Output Rise/Fall Time (20% to 80%)	At full output swing.	30	60	100	ps
	Duty Cycle	Differential I/O	45		55	%

Notes:

- The circuit is designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above table after thermal equilibrium has been established.
- Propagation delay is measured with no attenuating transmission line connected to the input.
- Output-to-Output skew is the difference in time between both outputs under identical input transition, temperature and power supply
- Part-to-part skew is defined for two parts with identical power supply voltages at the same temperature and no skew at the edges at the respective inputs.
- Random jitter is additive jitter.
- Deterministic jitter is measured with $2^{23}-1$ PRBS pattern.

Timing Diagrams

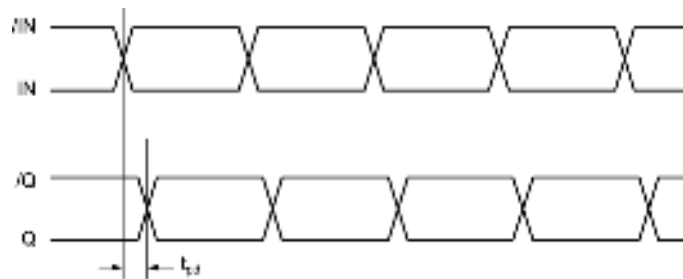


Figure 1. Propagation Delay

Input and Output Stage

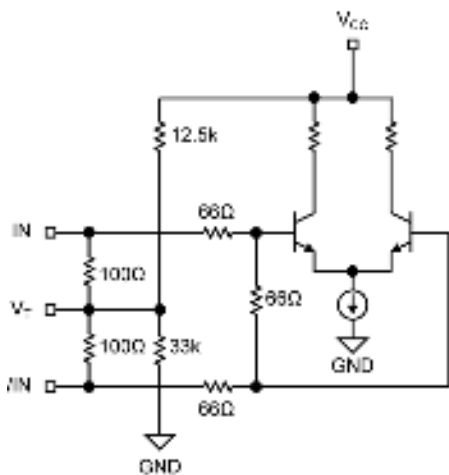


Figure 2a. Simplified Differential Input Buffer

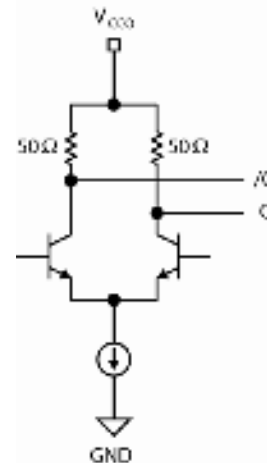


Figure 2b. Simplified CML Output Buffer

Single-Ended and Differential Swings



Figure 3a. Single-Ended Swing

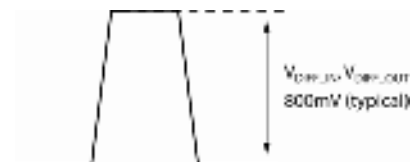


Figure 3b. Differential Swing

Input Interface Applications

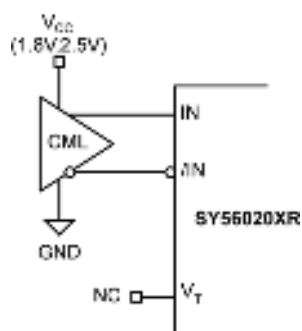


**Figure 4a. CML Interface
100 Ω Differential
(DC-Coupled, 1.8V, 2.5V)**

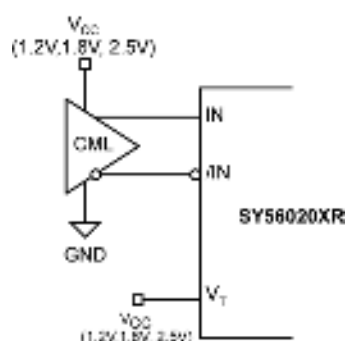


**Figure 4b. CML Interface
50 Ω to Vcc
(DC-Coupled, 1.2V, 1.8V, 2.5V)**

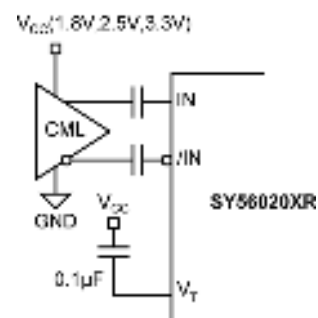


**Figure 4c. CML Interface
(AC-Coupled)
*See note in Functional Description
for 1.2V CML driver with AC-Coupling.**

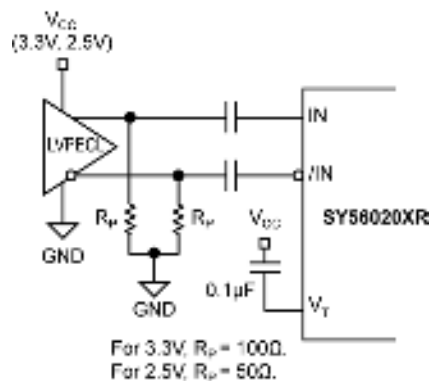


**Figure 4d. LVPECL Interface
(AC-Coupled)**

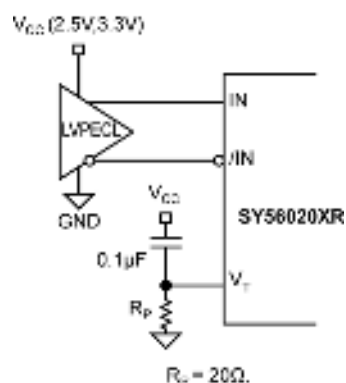


**Figure 4e. LVPECL Interface
(DC-Coupled 2.5V and 3.3V)**

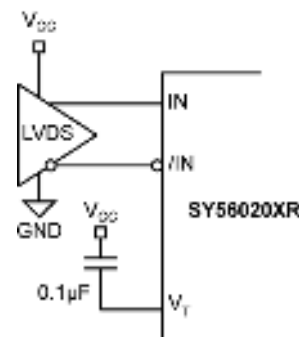


Figure 4f. LVDS Interface

CML Output Termination

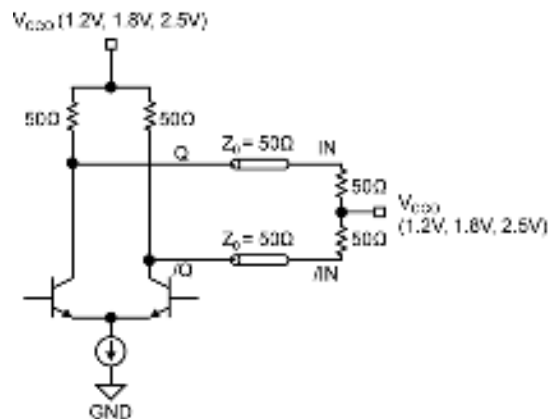


Figure 5a. 1.2V, 1.8V, 2.5V CML DC-Coupled Termination

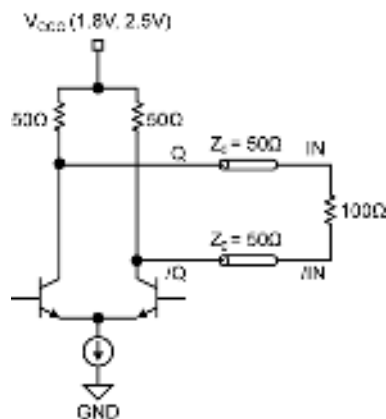


Figure 5b. 1.8V, 2.5V CML DC-Coupled Termination

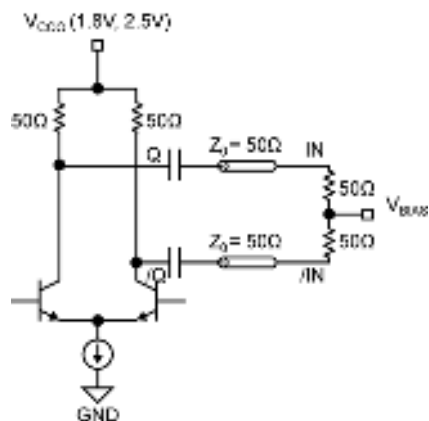


Figure 5c. CML AC-Coupled Termination.

V_{CCQ} 1.8V, 2.5V only.

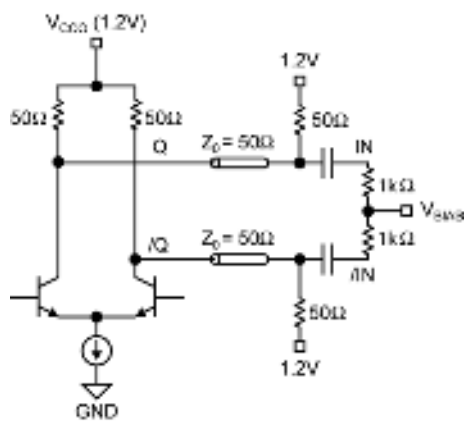


Figure 5d. CML AC-Coupled Termination.

V_{CCQ} 1.2V only.

Functional Description

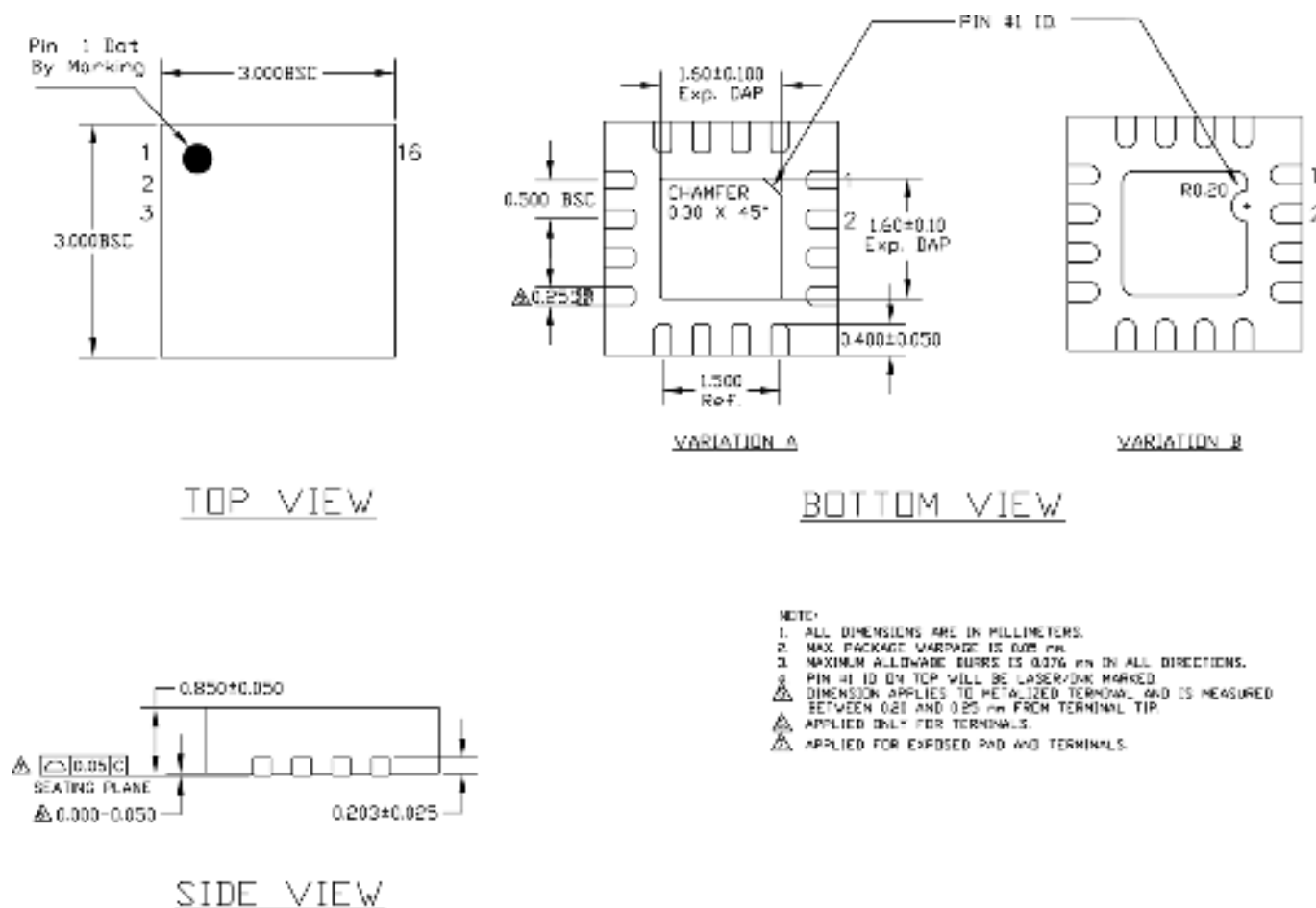
CML Output Termination with Vcco 1.2V

For VCCO of 1.2V, Figure 5a, terminate the output with 50 Ohms to 1.2V, not 100 ohms differentially across the outputs. If AC coupling is used, Figure 5d, terminate into 50 ohms to 1.2V before the coupling capacitor and then connect to a high value resistor to a reference voltage. Any unused output pair with VCCO at 1.2V needs to be terminated, do not leave floating.

CML Output Termination with VCCO 1.8V, 2.5V

For VCCO of 1.8V or 2.5V, Figure 5a/b, terminate with either 50 ohms to 1.8V or 100 ohms differentially across the outputs. AC-or DC-coupling is fine. For best signal integrity, terminate any unused output pairs.

Package Information



16-Pin QFN

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